NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Royal Oak, Michigan | December 16, 1940 | Subscription: Three Dollars Per Year | 10c

PROBE FINDS REDS IN N. Y. SCHOOLS

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White Shocks Press With Inside Story of Destroyer Deal

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Two Factions Vie For Control in Congress

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Real Christian Front Needed Now More Than Ever

COMMENT ON WORLD EVENTS ★ BRITAIN OPENS BATTLE FOR OUR MONEY ★ ALL 50 QUESTIONS IN 'AMERICA FIRST' CONTEST

Dinner Chat

BUT FOR Miss Fitzgerald's recent letter of constructive criticism about organizations, we might not have known of the spirited zeal of all those fine SOCIAL JUSTICE workers who have written in answer to her.

In addition to the fine letter from Connecticut last week, this column prints two more first-hand reports.

Further views of readers about organizations, and the support of Father Coughlin's work, will be found on the Letters Page this week.

' ' '

A First-Hand Report

TO THE EDITOR:

Miss Fitzgerald's remarks in the November 18th issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine about Father Coughlin's followers are manifestly unjust in the extreme.

In New Haven at present there are but two organized groups. To my knowledge Miss Fitzgerald is not a member of either.

One, the Seventeen Point Social Justice Club, numbering fewer than 100 members, was formed after the disbanding of the National Union when the "cockle was separated from the wheat."

We had little difficulty in withdrawing from the politically inclined self-seekers. The members of this club are voted in. A name is presented for membership; anyone who doubts the applicant's earnestness as a sincere follower of Father Coughlin's teachings is requested to make it known.

We have as president the highest type of American citizen, a thoroughly honorable gentleman. If one were asked who was the leader of the group it would be difficult to say inasmuch as each contributes in accordance with his ability.

Our activities have been as follows:

1. Discussing articles in SOCIAL JUSTICE National Magazine.

2. Addresses by Catholic priests.

3. "Quiz" based on material found in SOCIAL JUSTICE.

4. Talks on money by one who has made an intensive study of the subject for his M.A. degree (and favors honest money 100 per cent).

5. Small social affairs to raise money for Father Coughlin.

Besides all these, our greatest activity is concentrated on the distribution of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

Last year, thinking our group too small to undertake a large affair for Father Coughlin's birthday, we called a general meeting in St. John's hall. This was announced in many Catholic churches. The program for the evening consisted of an address by one of New Haven's outstanding priests, and short talks by some gentlemen from New York.

After this card party the American League of Christian Justice was inactive until a meeting was called this year to arrange another birthday party . . .

Last year I visited practically every pastor in New Haven. Our purpose was to obtain permission for boys to sell SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine in front of the churches. We were received with utmost courtesy and graciousness, many of the priests saying that they read the magazine regularly, not one of them making the slightest unkind reference to Father Coughlin.

I fear Miss Fitzgerald is living in the past. As for saying the "worst lot," what could she mean? Physically? Definitely not. Mentally? Decidedly not! Morally? Emphatically not!

It may be that some of the followers of Father Coughlin's teaching are not too well endowed with this world's goods. However, there is no malice in their hearts and it does not require any superior intelligence to see that they are a fine group of people — with noble principles. an asset to any organization.

Some of the finest people one would wish to know have been met through these associations.

Mr. James Boyle, an intelligent and refined gentleman, having charge of distributing SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine for the Seventeen Point Social Justice Club, at times has stood on the Main Street of our city selling the magazines with the boys (and incidentally giving the boys all the profit). Occasionally people have made remarks that were irritating. He has been a model of composure and self-control.

— **Winifred Shea.**

New Haven, Connecticut.

Another Report

TO THE EDITOR:

As one who has traveled extensively (at my own expense) throughout the state of Connecticut during the last few years, and as one who has had the privilege of contacting the vast majority of the distributors of SOCIAL JUSTICE in that commonwealth. I can truthfully say without fear of contradiction that the appearance, mannerisms, and activities of these energetic workers, and the many, many friends who constantly cooperated with them, were anything but what Miss Fitzgerald's letter would have us believe.

These patriotic distributors and their friends who have banded themselves together into little groups in New Haven, Hartford, Waterbury and Bridgeport, etc., are completely divorced from party politics, and naturally are no more interested in the Union Party than they are in the Republican or Democratic parties.

Miss Fitzgerald's letter would seem to give the impression that many, if not all, of these groups are for the most part "renegade Catholics" or at least Catholics with whom a priest would not care to associate.

As an example, let's take that New Haven group. We find 90 per cent of the members are active, practical Catholics; the men are active in their respective Holy Name Societies or the Knights of Columbus councils, and the women are members of the Third Order of St. Dominic, the National Council for Catholic Women, or some sodality in their individual parish.

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16 PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Liberty of conscience and education.

Just living annual wage.

Nationalization of important public resources.

Private ownership of all other property.

Control of private property for public good.

Abolition of Federal Reserve Banking System and establishment of a Government-owned Central Bank.

Restoration to Congress of its sole right to coin and regulate the value of money.

Cost of living maintained on an even keel.

Cost of production plus a fair profit for the farmer.

Labor's right to organize.

Recall of non-productive bonds.

Abolition of tax-exempt bonds.

Broadened base of taxation on basis of ownership and capacity to pay.

Simplification of Government and lower taxes.

Conscription of wealth as well as men in event of war.

Sanctity of human rights preferred to sanctity of property with Government's chief concern for the poor.

SOCIAL JUSTICE. National Weekly. Copyrighted 1940 by the Social Justice Publishing Company, publication and editorial office, Royal Oak, Michigan. Subscription price, United States and possessions, $3.00 per year. Unless otherwise directed, all subscriptions begin with the current issue. Three weeks are required to effect change of subscriber's address. Give both old and new addresses. Entered as second class matter, March 12, 1937, at the Post Office, Royal Oak, Michigan, under the Act of March 3, 1879. E. Perrin Schwartz, Editor; Cora Quinlan, Secretary-Treasurer.

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Vol. 6 December 16, 1940 No. 25

No 'Peace and Quiet' at Office, Pete Finds

HELLO, FOLKS:

Well, now, I'll be takin' a few minnuts off from my busy day t' exchange a few words with y' all 'n catch a cuppla breths f'r myself.

I'm afraid this Chrismus rush'll be th' deth uv me yet. Grashyus! But there's a lot t' do, isn't there? I never reelized it before.

I thought I'd sneek out on th' fussin' 'n find myself a nice quiet corner up at th' office, with only th' peck-peck uv th' girls' typewriters t' disterb my snooze — th' one I'd hope'd t' have — 'n what d'ya think I ran inta? More noise 'n kommoshun than a cuppla earthquakes c'd make. Yep — they were movin' desks 'n files 'n all th' parafenalya that they have round there 'n if y' don't think that's a job, ask th' men who hafta do it.

Poor Campbell Brown 'n poor ol' Bill — they shure have a tuff time uv it, what with all th' changin' 'n shiftin'!

I guess it's th' natchure uv girls t' hafta move furnitchure ever so often no matter where they are — at home 'r th' office. So that spoiled my quiet afternoon as far's a bit uv peece 'n quiet was konserned, but it was kinda fun, too. It kinda broke th' monotuny — if a person could call life in these parts monotunous, which I don't think they could.

I found out that we were losin' one uv our girls this week — one who's been with us f'r a long time, too. We all feel badly 'bout it, but that's th' way life is, I guess. Peepul come 'n peepul go — nothin' stan's still.

I'll bet th' squirruls out at th' office'll miss Anne as much's th' rest uv us. Ev'ry day she'd buy some peenuts 'r bring some other kind uv nuts f'r th' cute littul fellas 'n she'd put 'em out on th' window sill where they'd clime up 'n get them. Th' big nuts they'd put in their littul mouths 'n skurry away with t' put in their hidin' places f'r future konsumshun, but the peenuts they'd eat right away, 'n it shure is an amusing thing t' watch.

Y' folks outta see how pretty it is out here at our office now, with all th' lovely, pure-white snow all around — all soft 'n fluffy-like 'n nary a footprint to mar it. Th' trees look beeutiful, too, even though they don't have enny leaves on. 'Speshully pretty are th' fir trees, with bits uv snow restin' on their outspred branches. Yep, ol' mother natchure is quite a dame f'r her age — she is lovely no matter what she has on, isn't she?

Well, I s'pose I like th' snow 'cause I don't hafta shovel off th' walks 'r drive a car in it. Poor Maynard, the boy who does hafta clear off th' drives 'n walks 'round here is quite disgusted. He just gets finished with one walk when it's time t' start on annuther. We've had a lotta snow — more 'n ushual. "Unushual wether" is what ev'ryone is sayin'. I guess th' fraze has moved up here from th' West Coast. They say that ev'rytime they have a bit uv rain 'r a cold spell, don't they?

Well, folks, I gotta be on my way again. I hope t' be abul t' see y' next week — God willin'. Take care uv y'rselves, now.

'Bye! — **Pete.**

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Comment

A Go-Ahead Signal for Fascism?

THE SO-CALLED "Christian Front" trial and the name of United States Army Captain John T. Prout, Jr., are closely associated.

To the disappointment of Communists, radical Jews, Soviet supporters and Marxist Gentiles, the Walter Winchell-ballyhooed Christian Front affair wound up with a "Not Guilty" decision handed down by the United States courts.

Most recently, Captain John T. Prout, Jr., was acquitted by United States court-martial proceedings.

As most informed persons suspect, the entire Christian Front fiasco was an attempt on the part of radical Jews and Marxist Gentiles to smear Father Coughlin — and through him, the Christian religion.

The *Daily Worker*, *Look* magazine, *Commonweal*, *Equality*, and a host of other prejudiced publications, now have red faces as well as red tendencies.

Some of them intimated that the Federal jury which said "Not Guilty" to the so-called Christian Front lads was a "rigged" jury.

Other publications intimated that the judge and Government prosecuting attorney were biased.

And still others wept crocodile tears because Father Coughlin was not hailed before the courts.

The *Sunday Worker* printed the following editorial (December 1):

"A Go-Ahead Signal to Fascism in America.

"The acquittal of the U.S. Army Captain John T. Prout, Jr., is a go-ahead signal to the anti-Semite Coughlin and to the most dangerous Fascist forces in the country.

"It is all the more disturbing in that it took place at the hands of an official Army court-martial. A signed confession given by Prout to the F.B.I. earlier in the year was in the hands of the court. Prout admitted not only sneaking U.S. Army ammunition to the 'Christian' Front terrorists, but also intimate association with such Fronters as John F. Cassidy whom he instructed in the art of manufacturing bombs.

"Prout's defense battery consisted of such notorious Fronters as Bishop and Cassidy, specialists in inciting violence against Jewish Americans; even Prout's superior officers refused to testify against him. In effect, the court-martial proceedings amounted to a scandalous whitewash.

"The stage had been set for this result through the earlier sham prosecution of the Front terrorists by the Roosevelt Department of Justice. Due to weak-kneed 'prosecution' by Federal Attorney Kennedy, several of the Fronters were set free and retrials of five of them have been postponed at least four times.

"The free hand which the Federal Government has given to the Fascist anti-Semites in civilian life has now been extended into the Army. Is it any wonder that the most un-democratic discrimination exists against Negroes and other minorities in the armed and naval forces? Is this the administration's 'defense' of democracy?

"Prout represents the foreign agents who are paving the way toward war by attacking civil liberties of minorities and the *Bill of Rights*. His acquittal only shows how much more vigilant labor and the people generally must be over their peace and most cherished liberties."

The President of the *Sunday Worker* is Louis Budenz.

The Vice-President is Howard C. Boldt.

The Secretary-Treasurer is Benjamin J. Davis, Jr.

It is regrettable that decent Jews are socially disparaged because some of their co-racials persist in printing the above.

* * *

Indeed, Fascism has no go-ahead signal in America.

Fascists are not on the public ballot. Communists are.

Fascists are not in the Federal Government. Communists are.

Fascists have had no overtures made to Italy by the present Government. Communists have had overtures made to Soviet Russia by the present Government.

Fascists lead no labor unions. Communists do.

Fascists have no help from great organizations. Communists have. (e.g., American League for Peace and Democracy, American Jewish Congress, etc.).

If any go-ahead signal was given to any foreign ideology, it was to Communism!

As far as Father Coughlin and the Christian Front are concerned, they are, they have been, and they will be, one hundred per cent American—constitutionally American —and one hundred per cent Christian, with sufficient Christianity to be tolerant to God-fearing Mohammedans, to God-fearing Jews, to God-fearing individuals of every religion who neither attempt to establish a material concept of life nor to impose upon our fellow citizens a Marxian pattern of economy and government.

The Marxist Front, as yet, has had no trial—and, therefore, no vindication.

The Christian Front has had a trial—and a "Not Guilty" vindication.

A real Christian Front, officered by citizens who are God-fearing and Constitution-loving, is needed in America now more than ever.

* * *

As far as SOCIAL JUSTICE knows, there is no national organization known as a Christian Front.

As far as SOCIAL JUSTICE knows, there are only local units calling themselves Christian Fronters.

However, a name means little or nothing. If and when a national organization known as a Christian Front will be established, there would, of course, always be danger of its being officered by a "crackpot," and of its ranks being filled with non-Christians.

The only go-ahead signal which has resulted from the Christian Front trial is a signal for the Christian Fronters to hold their heads high and to keep the powder of their ideologies dry.

As an aftermath of the whole Christian Front trial, which has resulted in a "Not Guilty" diploma being handed to the Christian Fronters who were charged with plotting to overthrow the Government, stealing Government property, etc., etc., Father Coughlin was vindicated in his taking a stand alongside the accused, maligned, framed young men.

Meanwhile, what happened to certain priests and Lutheran pastors in Germany has happened, in a more gracious manner, to Father Coughlin in America.

Some day and somehow, as the predictions he made over the past few years come to pass, those who joined the hue and cry against him — simply to be on the side of the strong — will come to appreciate him.

It is possible to kill a man — or incarcerate him.

It is not possible to kill the ideas which the man disseminated — or incarcerate them.

Long live the Christian Front!

Long live Christ the King!

God save the Constitution!

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How Goes the War?

THE INCIDENTAL day by day happenings on the military front are unimportant compared to the events which transpire on the diplomatic and ideological fronts.

From reports, it appears that the Italian drive against Greece not only has bogged down but has evolved into a drive by Greece against Italians.

At this writing we are informed that the Fascist troops, now under new military leadership, are making a last stand in Albania.

We recollect, however, how reports informed us that the Poles were driving back the Germans; that the Finns were routing the Russians; and that the Norwegians were encompassing the Germans. Eventually, all these reports were reversed.

Therefore, on past performances, one can not put too much confidence in the censored information now being disseminated in America from Athenian headquarters.

On the other hand, there are no premises on which we can conclude that Il Duce's regiments are meeting with the success which was anticipated.

Strange indeed it is that the second largest air force in the world — Italy's — should be ham-strung.

Preferably, it may be advisable to "wait and see."

While courage and patience are virtues, nevertheless, blindness and inaccuracy are liabilities.

* * *

This observation is made in reference to the practiced policy of Britain whose propagandists seem to have adopted the almost forgotten Dr. Coue slogan of "every day in every way we are getting better and better."

More than a mental attitude is required to guarantee a British success. Definitely, many British industrial centers have been seriously impaired, if not demolished. Definitely, the British policy of encirclement and blockade has not only failed but has been supplanted by a German policy of encirclement and blockade to the extent that England's pantry is now on the verge of depletion.

Many observers have overlooked the fact that 2-million British troops are under arms in England — troops doing practically nothing in the matter of production; troops busied consuming food and morale.

One recollects the French troops on the Maginot Line lived that same type of life, to the detriment of French security.

This does not bode well for a British victory in England where the vast civilian population is thrown out of gear; where sanitation has deteriorated; where inconvenience has multiplied; where hope is daily dwindling.

* * *

Meanwhile, Japan has triumphed partially in the Orient. Nearly half of war-weary China is under the dominion of the Nipponese who were successful in setting up a puppet Chinese ruler on the one hand and, on the other, were fortunate in arriving at a favorable understanding with Moscow, as did Germany and Italy.

Offsetting this diplomatic success — but only in a degree — was the British understanding with the Turkish government.

The Roumanian *coup* achieved by Berlin will provide the Axis forces with an added amount of raw materials which can be transported over protected lines — and on land — to bases of distribution.

At the moment, Franco's Spain and Salazar's Portugal are two enigmas. It appears that these nations are determined to maintain a policy of neutrality or, at least, a policy of non-belligerency.

As for South America, the Argentine temporarily is leaning towards Britain as a result of a $100-million loan received from a United States Government agency to be used in extending credits for that amount to Britain.

While the *Johnson Act* prohibits America's making direct loans to Britain, it might be interpreted that the loan extended to the Argentine was an evasion of the above mentioned law.

Evasion or no evasion, the United States has moved to the furthest possible extremity of non-belligerency. One step more and America will become a belligerent, should the *Johnson Act* be repealed and should we send American warships to convoy American merchantmen to Liverpool or any other English port.

* * *

Official German silence — and unofficial silence, as far as that is concerned — on the question of America's belligerency or non-belligerency is remarkable. It is a fact that Berlin has exercised every influence to maintain balanced relations with Washington.

Despite the hue and cry relative to "bundism" in America, and relative to undiplomatic actions on the part of the German consulate resident here, no specific instance of an extraordinary nature has been unveiled.

While much has been made of correspondence passing between the chieftain of a German press bureau and specific German consular agents in the United States, that is not extraordinary; for, at the same time, representatives of the Associated Press, United Press, of the International News Service practice practically the same relations with American consular agents in Germany.

* * *

As was observed weeks ago in SOCIAL JUSTICE, this is a war between modern capitalism and anti-capitalism.

It is becoming more evident every day.

For the time being — and, perhaps, for the duration of our lives — the mechanics of modern capitalism have been suspended throughout Britain.

At Washington, it is noticeable that, day by day, we are being forced toward the same decision.

Captain Edward Rickenbacker (December 5) expressed this viewpoint indirectly in a speech.

Wall Streeters are preparing themselves to live under such a policy.

Temporarily, totalitarianism is in the offing for America, if our nationals follow through with their policy of "all aid to Britain."

It is estimated that Berlin alone expended in the last eight to ten months approximately $100-billion measured in American money, American wages and American prices, in preparing for the war in which the Axis is now engaged.

To compete with this expenditure, the United States will be forced to expend at least $100-billion for national defense.

And, in expending that enormous amount, it will be necessary to cashier the ordinary processes of capitalism — high wages, short hours, flexible prices and competitive profits — together with the private creation and manipulation of credits.

And Captain Rickenbacker, whose judgment is astute, also remarked that there is a possibility of this war's lasting from thirty to one hundred years should England capitulate and should the continent of America become the seat of the British regime.

All this fits in neatly with an admonition attributed to Commissioner Paul McNutt, recently appointed to take charge of one branch of American preparedness. He said, substantially, that our nation must learn to be disciplined, learn to do with less, learn to work more diligently if we, its citizens, hope to emerge victoriously in this world-wide conflict.

The above paragraphs, apparently disjointed, indicate that modern capitalism and modern democracy are in retreat for the purpose of fighting fire with fire.

Joseph P. Kennedy's alleged assertion that democracy is through in England appears to be factual.

Will it also be true in the United States? — that is the question.

Never before was there so much talk of preserving democracy — a technique often adopted by those who recognize that the best way to arrange for a transition is to dress the new objective in the clothing of the policy from which they departing.

Totalitarian ideologies are invading America alarmingly.

The outcome will be a contest between two groups of totalitarians — the "Axis group" aiming at controlling world commerce, world wealth and world philosophy; and the "British-American group" aiming at the same objectives and imbued with the same material concept of life but, perhaps, in a more temperate and modified frame of mind.

Headlines

THE FOLLOWING headlines appearing in various news journals recently need little or no comment.

Chicago Tribune: "Germany Buying Up Debts Owed In United States.

". . . Prices of these bonds are so greatly depressed that a little money goes a long way.

"All Italian bonds held by American investors are in default of their sinking fund requirements . . ."

Perhaps there is method in Mussolini's retreat.

* * *

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "U. S. 'Winks' At Pilots In Plane Ferry.

"Further broadening its program of aid to Great Britain, this Government is winking at violations of the United States *Neutrality Act* involved in the case of 40 American pilots engaged in flying bombers and fighters across the Atlantic for service in England."

* * *

Associated Press: "British Finances 'Never Stronger.'

"The financial condition of England was 'never stronger,' Sir Frederick Phillips,

(Continued on Page 12)

Comment

A Change of Attitude

ACCORDING to Arthur Krock, *New York Times* Washington correspondent (December 4th), Secretary Hull and Secretary Morgenthau, by their actions, are indicating a change of Administration policy towards Congress.

Formerly, Congress was told that a certain bill was "must" legislation.

Formerly, Congress was "rubber-stamped" into supporting Administration legislation.

Now, it can be noted that this *technique* is being abandoned, as evidenced by the appearances of both Secretary Hull and Secretary Morgenthau before a joint congressional committee.

At long last Congress seems to be coming into its rightful sphere of government.

One cannot help but speculate as to the reason for this change of policy on the part of the Administration towards Congress.

Our national legislature is, to our mind, being wooed by two distinct factions.

One faction is the Administration, which formerly held Congress more or less in disrepute.

The other faction is America — which word we use for want of a better term — whose important citizens are now leaning towards Congressmen more and more and approaching the members of Congress, not necessarily under the dome of the Capitol, but in other quarters and through other agencies than were formerly the custom of these important Americans to employ.

Which faction will win the support of Congress remains for future events to determine.

At any rate, the old-time lobbyist is *passe*.

A new and more potent form of "go-between" — one that will not be evident to the population at large — is in the process of formation.

All this is more or less secretive.

Analyze it as one may, it indicates a tremendous effort on the part of both factions — the *de facto* Government faction which recognized Soviet Russia, and the "other" faction opposed to Sovietism as well as Naziism — to win Congress as an ally.

There are tremendous battles being fought behind the walls of Washington — battles which will not be publicized to the Americans at large.

The initiated (and, we hope, the friends of SOCIAL JUSTICE are among them) who can read between the lines, are the only ones at present able to read the esoteric writing of these, our days.

Jesse Jones and Britain—'A Good Risk'

HIGH official pronouncement (attributed to the Honorable Jesse Jones) that England is "a good risk" for loans was directly and hotly disputed in the United States Senate.

The disputants, among others, were Senator Robert A. Taft, Ohio Republican, and Senator Bennett C. Clark of Missouri, Democrat.

Obviously, these and other Senators, together with millions of Americans, recollect that Great Britain failed to pay loans extended to her during and following the first World War.

And from this they will conclude that Britain is a bad risk.

Realizing that diplomats and men of affairs do not express their full minds at all times; and realizing that occasionally they cloak their procedures from the public, there may be more behind the Jones statement than is evidenced on its surface.

Financially, Britain is a bad risk.

Ideologically, Britain, according to their interpretation, may be a good risk.

It is granted that the majority of American industrialists are hoping and working for a British victory.

But the word "Britain" must be interpreted in the trend of modern events as connoting something more than England; as comprehending something more than the Union Jack.

SOCIAL JUSTICE'S editorial staff is inclined to be unanimous in its interpretation on this point. But in so far as it is only opinion, it is entirely too premature for expression.

* * *

Coincident with Mr. Jones' recommendation of loans directly to Great Britain, is a statement attributed to Mr. Henry Ford (Dec. 4) who went on record in advising the United States to make outright loans to Britain.

It would be interesting to obtain a clear-cut definition of the word "Britain" from those who are of a similar mind with Mr. Ford.

We will content ourselves, for the moment, by restating that the world is undergoing a total revolution; that the world, having cashiered processes both of modern capitalism and modern democracy, is divided into two camps both concerned with domination of finance, commerce, regimen and trade.

Unfortunately, the fundamental Christian idea of a spiritual concept of life is not taken into serious consideration by either camp. Consequently, it appears that Christianity, in its original interpretation, is, for the nonce, in the catacombs.

Real Christians need not be alarmed.

Real Christian leadership will assert itself, eventually.

And there will be an emergence, tomorrow, from the catacombs as truly as there was in the days of Constantine.

Recollect that when the pagan Constantine was confronted by enemies who sought the overthrow of his empire; and when the emperor's troops were about to suffer a defeat, this brilliant son of St. Helena prayed to his mother's God for help.

Having expressed his faith in the God of the Christians, there appeared in the sky the sign of the cross with these words: *"In hoc signo vince"* — "In this sign thou shalt conquer."

That same sign again will appear in the skies of tomorrow!

To co-ordinate this reminiscence about Constantine with the names of Jesse Jones and Henry Ford, might offer confusion and difficulty to many persons.

To others it might be possible to view these gentlemen — and others in their sphere — as "modern Constantines," unconsciously serving as cogs in the divine economy.

In these tempestuous times it behooves Christians to pray for an increase of faith and to work more diligently for their own salvation.

Hopeless, as the world would view it, as was the plight of the Christians in the original catacombs, they emerged to build up the magnificent Europe which flowered in the glorious days of the thirteenth century.

What was achieved before, can be achieved again.

"Sursum corda! Lift up your heart!"

"Dominus vobiscum. The Lord be with you."

"I shall be with you all days until the consummation of the world."

* * *

P. S.: Possibly, in years to come, the sunshine of future events will pierce the clouds of the above comment.

No Need for War

A PROGRAM of domestic recovery and world trade to raise the national income, and even the loan of Government funds to the British, need not involve America in war, Secretary of Commerce Jesse H. Jones told reporters on the eve of his insurance talk.

Addressing the Association of Life Insurance Presidents, Mr. Jones warned the country to prepare for an "inevitable period of readjustment" following the war.

Portugal's Salazar; America's Ben Smith

FROM VICHY, France, comes a United Press dispatch (December 4) stating that diplomatic circles reported that Premier A. O. Salazar of Portugal is sounding out the European belligerents on the chances of bringing about a negotiated peace which might be facilitated by President Roosevelt, the Pope and other neutrals.

From the *Chicago Daily News* Foreign Service (Paul Ghali, Vichy, December 4) originates the following germane news:

"Are some business circles in America today ready to renew . . . the peace researches that American Undersecretary of State Sumner Welles made officially last Easter?

"What was merely a suspicion in Vichy has found some substance following the extreme activity displayed here during the last week by Ben Smith . . .

". . . He (Ben Smith) was received by Foreign Minister Pierre Laval and had a prolonged talk with Dumoulin de Labarthete, Marshal Petain's confidential adviser.

". . . Smith left Vichy last Saturday, officially for Lisbon . . .

"Of course, Smith's position is completely unofficial . . ."

The above summary of two dispatches indicates that big business (which might be represented by Ben Smith) is sounding out the possibilities of peace.

NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Published by The Social Justice Publishing Co.

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Father Coughlin Back on the Air

SOCIAL JUSTICE is informed that a movement is on foot to obtain 25-million signatures to get Father Coughlin back on the air, elections or no elections.

SOCIAL JUSTICE authoritatively advises Father Coughlin's friends to have nothing to do with any movement to get him back on the air until Father Coughlin will officially sponsor such a movement through these pages or elsewhere.

$10-Billion Tax

ACCORDING to an Associated Press story from Washington, D. C., there is talk that $10-billion may be set as the goal for Federal revenue collections in the next fiscal year.

Unofficial estimates are that the current year's spending will run from about $13- to $13½ billion, with revenues amounting to approximately $7-billion.

The same dispatch informs us that "Mr. Roosevelt called Secretary Morgenthau, congressional fiscal leaders, and others into conference to consider additional taxes in view of the defense program.

"A Treasury official said in advance of the conference that Morgenthau was taking many tax proposals to the White House—'everything but the kitchen sink,' as he phrased it.

"He declined, however, to say which plans, if any, bore the Treasury's approval."

If, and when, the new tax levy will be imposed upon us, America will experience for the first time in its history a Ripleyesque square circle-ism, namely, inflation and deflation hitting us at one and the same time!

There will be a national income, likely, in excess of $80-billion resulting from increased employment, factory production, aid to Britain and national defense. This will point towards inflation.

This will point towards higher prices for foodstuffs, real estate, wearing apparel and building materials.

But this will also point to more dollars being siphoned from the weekly pay envelope, from annual incomes of the salaried gentry and from treasuries of corporations.

And that is a species of deflation.

As expressed in last week's issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE, the Marxists are anxious for the United States to become engaged in war with the Axis.

As unreasonable as this may sound, there is method in their madness; for, privately, they say that four years in preparing for war will mean an expenditure in excess of 80-billion more dollars which, when imposed in taxation upon the citizenry, will give the knockout blow to the capitalistic system.

Any mathematician knows that the United States cannot impose another $80-billion in taxes upon the American people under the present wage scale system and under the present Federal Reserve Banking System.

If an attempt is made to do it, the Marxists of Europe need not invade America with men. Their purpose will have been achieved through an invasion of their ideologies!

Dies Committee

WHEN WILL the letter "s" be struck off the word "Dies"?

That question is occupying the speculation of many persons in America.

They are of the opinion that the Dies Committee should be sent to a limbo.

They are of the opinion that the Dies Committee talks a lot and nothing is done.

They are of the opinion that more arrests and fewer accusations would be more in keeping with the tenor of the times.

Conservative newspapers are lampooning the Representative from Texas.

Radical newspapers are howling for his scalp.

It is all very well for the Dies Committee to ferret out seditious organizations and seditious individuals.

To our mind, *it should be the job of the F.B.I. to prosecute them.*

In these days men do not go around wearing their hearts on their sleeves or their minds on their vests.

Prudent men know the value of silence.

Cunning men know the value of advertising, not what they are going to do but what they are not going to do.

Evidently, the Dies Committee has not caught on to the *technique* of these twentieth century activists.

At times even the F.B.I. seems to lack this *technique.*

For example, according to the *Chicago Daily News* (Nov. 30), a young man by the name of "Wernecke" is classified almost with criminals for having spoken before some Bundists, and for having had communication with Father Coughlin.

He testified that he came to see Father Coughlin some time ago to arrange to take over a sales organization for SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

And the F.B.I. permits the pinkos and radicals to yell "Woof! Woof!"

Both the Dies Committee and the F.B.I. have sounded their Gabriel horns so long and so loud that all persons who really want to be on the other side of the question have had enough warning to smoke-screen their activities.

And how well they have succeeded in doing it will never be known to the Dies Committee.

Asking for Prohibition

FOR THOSE who recall the circumstances of the first World War, and are watching for familiar landmarks in this one, the increasing number of stories about intoxication should be significant.

It was the excuse of war that put over prohibition before; and it has become something of a sporting wager whether our next war or our next prohibition era will come first.

Drinking stories get national publicity.

For example: Governor-elect Henry F. Schricker of Indiana, told the Indiana Town and City Administrators Association that "drunkenness was so prevalent at the Indiana-Purdue football game I was almost ashamed to have taken my son to see it." Gov. Schricker said he saw women at the game so intoxicated "they had to be carried from the Purdue stadium."

Ralph S. Cushman of St. Paul, Minn., told the Anti-Saloon League convention in Washington that "highways have become slaughterhouses of drunken driving."

And Michigan's famous Governor, Luren D. Dickinson, urged the League to organize a systematic "educational campaign of petitions, letters and telegrams to state and national legislators."

Gov. Dickinson said that was the method which brought about enactment of the 18th amendment.

A third recent story told how the National Railroad Adjustment Board at Chicago had restored a Pennsylvania engineer to his job, together with seniority rights and two years' back pay. The railroad had reported that the man had showed up for his locomotive run in an intoxicated condition in 1939. But, because the order dismissing the man was dated February 2 and not issued till February 21st, the Government agency ruled that the railroad must have "made up its mind to discharge him before it had completed its investigations."

Of course, the drinkers will not care, but drunken driving—and a newspaper campaign of "educational" stories about drinkers—may bring back prohibition.

William Allen White Tells All

'Never Knew What Hit 'Em!' Is British Aider's Boast

THERE ARE "increasing evidences that the advocates of American aid to Great Britain have overplayed their hand," wrote Jay G. Hayden, Washington correspondent of *The Detroit News*, in reporting William Allen White's recent decision to "tell all."

Mr. White, as chairman of the "America Last" Committee to aid Great Britain, accepted the annual award of the national association of press agents.

"It was," said the *Chicago Tribune*, "a distinction which, so far as we are aware, no other newspaper editor has ever coveted, but Mr. White was obviously pleased and the occasion found him in an expansive mood. He spoke in acknowledgement. What he said fills in a few of the blanks in recent history.

"We know now more than we did before about the acquisition of the island bases and the transfer of destroyers," continues the *Tribune* editorial.

"We now have evidence where before we had only surmises. The evidence, it should be added, establishes the correctness of the surmises."

The sending of American destroyers and flying fortress bombers to Great Britain was *"one really smart trick,"* the Kansas editor told the national publicity men.

The citation awarded to him by the National Association of Publicity Directors read: *"For outstanding service in publicity."*

The "publicity" was the White committee's handling of its "all-aid-short-of-war" campaign. Mr. White boasted that it took only $225,000 and utilized all the devices of molding public opinion — newspaper advertising, newspaper "handouts" (which you accepted and read as news), radio and platform speaking.

* * *

"Our first job," Mr. White told the press agents, "was to send the destroyers to England.

"We learned there were certain over-age destroyers that could easily be spared — 150 of them — but we plugged for 50.

"Taking that number as the goal was 'pure hunch,' but I want to say that we've never had an objective that wasn't approved by the General Staffs of the United States Army and Navy.

"So that, if anyone accuses us of trying to strip the country's defenses, he is saying that the General Staffs are just as unpatriotic as we are."

White then told how the committee organized 700 branch chapters throughout the country and asked them to get "leading middle class people" — doctors, lawyers, merchants, and so on, "the kind of people Congressmen pay attention to" — to write letters to the White House and their Representatives in Congress.

"We put General Pershing on the air," Editor White went on, "but the really smart trick we pulled was that after Lindbergh made his speech we put his mother-in-law (Mrs. Dwight Morrow) on the air — *and was that a face card?* It was!

"Said she: 'Telegraph the White House and your Congressman.' And the next day, as the telegraph people told us, 15,000 telegrams came tumbling down on Washington, saying 'Give the destroyers to Great Britain.'

"They *never knew what hit them!*"

Is that plain enough? The man who did it tells the boys in the business how it is done!

* * *

Mr. White went on to report that his particular job was "to talk to the Presidential candidates."

He first saw President Roosevelt.

"I knew he'd ask, 'What's Wendell Willkie going to say about this?' Then I went and talked with Mr. Willkie.

"I told him what was up, what we wanted to do — and he didn't blow up very hard — considering.

"All Summer some of us kept in contact with the President and Mr. Willkie, so that when the job was done it was not made a political issue.

"We are not 'crusaders'," Mr. White told the publicity men, "We were merely *organizers of the great majority of American public opinion."*

* * *

A "tendency toward apoplexy" was reported in New York's Union League Club some days earlier after Mr. White had dropped some off-the-record remarks in the same vein, Mr. Paul Mallon records.

"Reporters are barred," said Mallon, "so there may have been some minor misunderstanding as to White's purpose.

"But the mildest version relayed to Washington was that White *thought it was 'time to take sides in this war'!"*

The columnist continues:

"The head of the Committee to Defend America by Aiding the Allies apparently now wanted to have a joint resolution proposed in Congress to legally place the people on record (as he saw it) for stronger steps.

"These vague words assumed an added bellicose nature to some of his hearers who believe that the utmost 'short of war' was now being done in the British cause.

"Further ramifications were furnished by the fact that White had been at the White House the previous day!"

* * *

In plain words, having created the popular public sentiment for all aid to Great Britain, the super-press agent wanted to cash in on the issue while it was "hot" by getting the people's Congress to commit them.

Simple, isn't it?

Mr. William Allen White evidently forgets the origin of those purple blotches marring the names of those responsible for getting America into the World War.

Mr. William Allen White forgets the shining splendor now encircling the names of those who opposed our entrance into the World War.

And here we cannot resist a temptation to interject the illustrious name of Congressman Lindbergh, father of our own patriotic Colonel.

Senators Norris, Shipstead, Borah, Johnson, Reed and others who were calumniated, vituperated and castigated by a warmongering, frenzied population, all lived to see the day when they were vindicated.

History will repeat itself.

The name of William Allen White — another "W.W.," if you please — will be no more respected in history's page than is the name of Woodrow Wilson.

Britishers Open Battle for Our Money

THE BATTLE for American money to finance the Battle of England is on.

Lord Lothian, British ambassador to the United States, fired the opening shot as he alighted from the Atlantic clipper which had returned him to America after a brief visit in London.

Asserting that Great Britain was on its last financial legs, Lothian said England would need money to continue the war in 1941. He declined to say whether the financial assistance would be asked in the form of cash or credits.

Although the statement reportedly evoked resentment in some Administration quarters because Lothian spoke without consulting them, the interview was well timed.

Less than a month before, Secretary Morgenthau of the Treasury had announced he would ask Congress to raise the national debt limit to $65-billion.

Only Mr. Morgenthau, and perhaps others of the innermost New Deal circle, know whether the projected increase contains a few hidden billions for Great Britain.

In view of recent developments it would seem so.

Lothian pleads that Great Britain faces a great financial crisis in 1941. To avert this crisis he asks the United States to expose itself to a similar one.

Large scale cash or credit extensions to Britain will increase America's national debt proportionately, and the American people, as in the World War era, will be forced to pay the bill and suffer another post war depression.

Soon after Lothian's interview, William Allen White, America's No. 1 British propagandist, conferred with President Roosevelt.

To extend loans the propagandists would first have to persuade Congress to amend the *Neutrality Act* and cancel the *Johnson Act;* for both of these laws forbid credit to belligerent nations who have defaulted on World War debts.

* * *

Senator Gerald P. Nye of North Dakota has demanded a Congressional investigation of British funds in the United States. At last reports, Britain's American *cache* amounted to approximately $4-billion.

By judicious handling of American securities confiscated from her subjects, Brit-

(Continued on Page 8)

Comment

(Continued from Page 7)

ain has done well on the American markets. The British Purchasing Commission has a special bureau which sells these securities at such times and in such lots that they receive the best prices.

The periodic, planned sales of these securities, many believe, have kept the American market depressed and killed off every promising boomlet. So, while the British have regained most of their early war losses, the American market remains in the doldrums.

Senator Nye's proposed investigation of British resources, the methods of liquidating them, the deals made with munitions magnates and airplane manufacturers may curb any inclination Americans now have to extend either credit or cash gifts to Great Britain.

Senator Hiram Johnson of California, author of the *Johnson Act*, promises that he will resist every attempt to scrap the *Act*.

* * *

Certain Anglophile legislators, who foresee a possible defeat on the issue, are prepared with a clever compromise—a natural sequel to the air base-destroyer deal. They propose that America purchase outright certain strategic air and naval bases in the Western Hemisphere.

The idea is not altogether new. Suggestions have been made in the past that the United States take over Britain's Western Hemisphere possessions in exchange for cancellation of her $4½-billion debt to this country.

According to the present scheme, however, America would "forget" the old debt and purchase the possessions outright. Thus, Britain would be "borrowing" anew.

She would be getting money for some islands which should have been ours long ago—and for others which are of doubtful value to say the least.

British diplomats believe that America has now been sufficiently propagandized to accept the viewpoint that Britain is "fighting America's war." They are ready to put over the big *coup*.

Planes—And No Pilots

IN THE November 30 issue of *Collier's*, Commander Eugene McDonald stresses the need of training pilots.

As matters stand, the United States may be able to produce 12,000 airplanes a year but not enough pilots to man them.

There was a day when Germany was forbidden to manufacture airplanes, following the World War.

But Germany did manufacture gliders, which are nothing more than airplanes without an engine.

And 200,000 German youths were taught to glide.

They discovered the meaning of air drafts, of thermals, of pockets.

It was pointed out to them that a raven or a buzzard could float for half an hour at a time over a field without any seeming effort being expended other than to keep its wings outspread.

And the scientific reason was explained to these young men, who were able to apply the principle of heat waves, up drafts and down drafts in guiding gliders which were known to remain in the air for hours at a time.

Thus, the Germans learned flying the hard way.

Prohibition whetted their taste for flying.

When the day came which permitted the Germans to manufacture airplanes, their glider pilots were the most efficient pilots in the world.

At least 200,000 American youths should be encouraged to join gliding clubs.

And gliding clubs should be subsidized by the Federal Government if we hope to train competent air pilots for the time we need them.

Airplanes without a sufficient number of pilots are as inefficient as cannon without shells.

Modern air warfare demands that for each plane there should be at least four pilots available.

Alley Cat Out of Bag

AS A RULE, alley cats do not stay in a bag.

No one was surprised, therefore, when the alley cat leaped out of the bag.

Here is the story:

Dr. Birkhead, founder and national director of *"Friends of Democracy"*—Jewish-supported Gentile front organization — is better known to the American public as the minister who, lacking apostolic punch, invited Sally Rand of fan-dance fame to hold forth in his church.

Recently a Jewish organization invited Dr. "Sally-Rand" Birkhead to exhibit his fine feathers in Detroit.

The *Detroit Jewish Chronicle*, edited by Mr. Philip Slomovitz—the gentleman who tried to tag the word "sadist" on Father Coughlin and, incidentally, won first prize for best name-calling in America — had much to do with arranging for Dr. "S. R." Birkhead's visit to the Motor Metropolis.

As usual, Mr. Slomovitz pulled the expected boner.

[It's about time the up-and-going Jews of Detroit took him out to the B'nai B'rith woodshed.]

The boner was this paragraph, printed on page 20 of a recent edition of the *Detroit Jewish Chronicle* (November 29):

"Dr. Birkhead has made the best and most complete collection of pro-Nazi and anti-Semitic propaganda in the United States. His office in Kansas City, Missouri, has served as a clearing house of information. His files have been used by the Institute for Propaganda Analysis and by such magazines as *Life*, *Look*, *Liberty* and the *Saturday Evening Post*, all of which have published articles and reports based upon this material."

If the above paragraph is factual, then the appropriate New Year's gift to the above publications is a bag of goose feathers.

As American readers recognized all the "smear" articles on Father Coughlin were alike in their unfactuality, in their presumption and in their calumny.

At any rate, the alley cat is out of the bag!

Gold Loans—and Friendship

MERELY lending gold to the South American Republics — insisting, as is our bankers' habit, on the most solid collateral and most stringent terms — will never win the allegiance or friendship of these neighbor Republics for the United States.

SOCIAL JUSTICE has said this repeatedly. The *New York Herald Tribune* last week supports our contention in an interview with a financial adviser and bond specialist. His statement seems to us a very common sense statement of the situation.

Mr. Vasco da Gama, a scion of the Spanish nobility and descendant of the famous fifteenth century Portuguese explorer, told the *Herald Tribune* that "after surveying the financial and commercial situation in the South American republics, he was convinced that proposals for advancing large loans to these countries as a means of bringing them into closer co-operation with the United States *would be a mistaken policy*.

"Mr. da Gama conceded that such a plan might place a large number of dollars in the hands of these countries for the purchase of products of the United States. But, he said, it would prove to be only a temporary palliative and that when this money ran out these nations would be exactly in the same spot as they were before."

Mr. da Gama said he believed that the best way this country could lead the South American countries away from dependence upon and influence of Germany and other European nations was through investment of American capital in South American industries producing goods which could be sold in the United States.

Through this means, he added, Americans could promote a friendly feeling by helping to build up these South American nations, create strong commercial bonds with the United States and, through the sale of the products here, provide the dollars to purchase the things that the South Americans must have from this country.

* * *

"There is no good reason," Mr. da Gama explained, "why these South American republics should not be on the friendliest terms with the United States, but the trouble these nations have had in meeting their obligations on their bonded indebtedness to the United States has contributed largely to an estrangement.

"Because of this difficulty bankers have been unwilling to extend loans except upon the most solid collateral and stringent terms. The South Americans naturally looked elsewhere for money and markets and thus were driven closer to Europeans.

"With the present war situation and the British blockade cutting off this avenue of commerce, this country now has a great opportunity to wean these nations away from the European influence. *But simply lending them money will not bring about the desired results.* American capital must create industries there not in competition with those of the United States and stimulate regular commercial intercourse.

"Some method must be found also for bringing the price of American products within a range to meet the competition of European prices, if this commerce is to be held after the close of the present war.

"How Americans will meet this problem will decide the fate of their South American trade."

WINDING UP! GREAT 'AMERICA FIRST' CONTEST ALL OVER MIDNIGHT, DEC. 28

It's just about all over but the shouting — and that will be done by the 260 winners in our great "AMERICA FIRST" Contest.

The Contest will close forever at Midnight of Saturday, December 28!

Your letter containing your solutions to the 50 Contest questions MUST be post-marked at or before that hour in order to qualify for the prizes.

The prizes! These are what everybody wants. These are what YOU want when you enter this great test during its final days.

For, remember, you can enter between now and Midnight of Saturday, December 28, and romp off with the Grand Prize of $1,500.00; the Second Prize of $800.00; the Third Prize of $500.00; or any one of the remaining 257 cash awards.

THIS COULD BE YOUR TICKET TO FORTUNE

"Contest Manager," SOCIAL JUSTICE, Royal Oak, Michigan

Following are my selections of answers to all 50 questions of the *"AMERICA FIRST"* Contest. I am enclosing $2.50, payment in full

No. 1	For Question No. 1 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 26	For Question No. 26 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 2	For Question No. 2 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 27	For Question No. 27 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 3	For Question No. 3 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 28	For Question No. 28 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 4	For Question No. 4 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 29	For Question No. 29 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 5	For Question No. 5 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 30	For Question No. 30 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 6	For Question No. 6 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 31	For Question No. 31 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 7	For Question No. 7 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 32	For Question No. 32 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 8	For Question No. 8 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 33	For Question No. 33 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 9	For Question No. 9 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 34	For Question No. 34 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 10	For Question No. 10 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 35	For Question No. 35 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 11	For Question No. 11 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 36	For Question No. 36 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 12	For Question No. 12 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 37	For Question No. 37 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 13	For Question No. 13 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 38	For Question No. 38 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 14	For Question No. 14 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 39	For Question No. 39 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 15	For Question No. 15 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 40	For Question No. 40 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 16	For Question No. 16 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 41	For Question No. 41 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 17	For Question No. 17 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 42	For Question No. 42 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 18	For Question No. 18 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 43	For Question No. 43 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 19	For Question No. 19 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 44	For Question No. 44 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 20	For Question No. 20 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 45	For Question No. 45 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 21	For Question No. 21 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 46	For Question No. 46 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 22	For Question No. 22 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 47	For Question No. 47 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 23	For Question No. 23 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 48	For Question No. 48 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 24	For Question No. 24 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 49	For Question No. 49 I Select Answer No.____ ☐
No. 25	For Question No. 25 I Select Answer No.____ ☐	No. 50	For Question No. 50 I Select Answer No.____ ☐

MY NAME IS_____

MY ADDRESS IS _____

TOWN OR CITY_____ STATE_____

If entering now, fill in this coupon in full and return with $2.50. If already entered, fill in from where you left off.

YOU CAN WIN THE GRAND PRIZE OF $1,500.00 AS EASILY AS ANY OTHER PERSON IN THE CONTEST—AND YOU STILL HAVE AMPLE TIME TO STUDY UP AND COME OUT ON TOP.

History of the United States and the *Constitution.* There you have the subject matter of the Contest in a nutshell.

You need no special education or training. Glance over the questions. See how easy they are. Of course, not TOO easy, or there would be no Contest. You must be careful. You must read the questions and suggested answers. Don't be too hasty. Take your time — AND WIN!

The time to start to work on the questions is now — today. Put in a few "licks" each day until the "deadline" — and fortune could be yours.

All 50 questions with their suggested answers are before you now. Most of the suggested answers are wrong. There is only one best or most appropriate answer to each question. Your task is to try and pick out that answer from your knowledge of the history of our country and its fundamental law, the *Constitution.*

The prizes are waiting for 260 winners. You CAN be one of those winners as well as the next person. Your late entrance makes no difference. It's how you answer the questions that counts.

But — in order to win — YOU MUST ENTER.

Remember the last hour — Midnight, Saturday, December 28.

TO THOSE ALREADY ENTERED

If you have been regularly sending in your weekly coupons, your set should be now complete up to and including Question No. 20. The last pair of Questions, No. 19 and 20, appeared in our last week's issue, December 9.

Unless you are paid up in full, you have remitted a total of $1.00. That leaves $1.50 to be sent in to make up the total of $2.50.

All right —

Just fill in your answers to the remaining 30 questions, starting with No. 21, on the large coupon on this page, and send it in with $1.50 in coin, check or money order — not stamps. Then your set will be complete and duly qualified for the prizes.

If you entered and fell behind with your returns, just start on the large coupon where you left off — if you remember — and remit five cents for each of the remaining questions.

If you don't remember, we suggest you start all over again. Fill in your answers to the 50 questions from top to bottom and send them in with $2.50. That's the one we'll consider in your file for the prizes.

Remember — your letter containing solutions MUST be post-marked at or before Midnight, Saturday, December 28.

ADDRESS ALL CONTEST MAIL TO

'CONTEST MANAGER' SOCIAL JUSTICE

ROYAL OAK, MICHIGAN

ZERO HOUR!

$5
Mi

QUESTION No. 1

Why Did the Pilgrims Migrate From England to New England?

1. To found Catholic colonies in the New World.
2. To aid British international trade.
3. They were political rebels against the English king.
4. To escape from religious persecution in England.
5. To establish the freedom of democracy in America.
6. To prospect for gold.

QUESTION No. 2

Which Was the Decisive and Terminating Battle of the Revolutionary War?

1. Yorktown.
2. Saratoga.
3. Bunker Hill.
4. Camden.
5. Brandywine.
6. Long Island.

QUESTION No. 3

What Foreign Nation Rendered the Greatest Measure of Aid to the Colonies in Their Battle for Independence?

1. Russia.
2. Italy.
3. Prussia.
4. France.
5. Holland.
6. Belgium.

QUESTION No. 4

To Which Political Party Did George Washington Belong?

1. Republican.
2. Whig.
3. Federalist.
4. Democratic.
5. Know-Nothing.
6. Tory.
7. United Empire Loyalist.
8. Socialist.

QUESTION No. 5

Which President Made Construction of the Panama Canal by the United States Possible?

1. President Arthur.
2. President Cleveland.
3. President McKinley.
4. President Theodore Roosevelt.
5. President Benjamin Harrison.
6. President Taft.
7. President Harding.
8. President Coolidge.

QUESTION No. 6

What Is the Meaning of the Expression "The Solid South"?

1. That the Southern States are purely agricultural.
2. That the Southern States were solid in their support of the Confederacy.
3. That the Southern States are traditionally Democratic in politics since the Civil War.
4. That the Southerners have always favored secession from the Union.
5. That the Southern States are solidly Anglo-Saxon.
6. That the Southern States are solidly Protestant in religion.

QUESTION No. 7

Name One President of the United States Who Was Impeached.

1. President VanBuren.
2. President Jackson.
3. President Madison.
4. President Taylor.
5. President Johnson.
6. President Garfield.
7. President Buchanan.
8. President Pierce.

QUESTION No. 8

For What Was Carrie Nation Famous?

1. For designing the Stars and Stripes.
2. For founding the Red Cross.
3. For founding Christian Science as a cult.
4. For opposing with personal violence the liquor traffic.
5. For promoting the cause of woman suffrage.
6. She was the first woman to sit as a member of Congress.

QUESTION No. 9

Which War Fought by the United States Is Considered Unjustifiable by Historians?

1. The French and Indian War.
2. The War for American Independence.
3. The War of 1812.
4. The Civil War.
5. The Mexican War, 1846-1848.
6. The Spanish-American War.

QUESTION No. 10

What Is Meant by the Policy of "Reciprocity"?

1. High tariff to protect infant industries.
2. Sixteen ounces of silver to one ounce of gold.
3. Reciprocal trade relations between nations.
4. Exchange of diplomatic representatives between nations.
5. Where there is no representation there must be no taxation.
6. The citizen of a state is entitled to all the rights of a citizen of the United States.

QUESTION No. 11

Who Was the "Boy Orator of the Platte"?

1. Robert Ingersoll.
2. Bourke Cochran.
3. Henry W. Grady.
4. William Jennings Bryan.
5. Samuel J. Tilden.
6. Henry Clay.
7. Daniel Webster.
8. John C. Calhoun.

QUESTION No. 12

Which President of the United State Served Two Presidential Terms Not Immediately Succeeding Each Other?

1. John Quincy Adams.
2. James Madison.
3. William Henry Harrison.
4. James K. Polk.
5. Grover Cleveland.
6. Theodore Roosevelt.
7. Woodrow Wilson.
8. Calvin Coolidge.

QUESTION No. 13

Name One President of the United States Who Was a Tailor by Trade.

1. Martin VanBuren.
2. Millard Fillmore.
3. James Buchanan.
4. John Tyler.
5. Andrew Johnson.
6. James A. Garfield.

QUESTION No. 14

By What Legislation Has President F. D. Roosevelt Been Empowered to Issue "Greenbacks"?

1. Thomas Amendment to Agricultural Adjustment Act, 1933.
2. Gold Devaluation Act, 1934.
3. Dies Silver Purchase Act, 1934.
4. Glass-Stegall Act, 1932.
5. Gold Clause Act, 1935.
6. Banking Act, 1933.

QUESTION No. 15

Who Was the Founder of the First "United States Bank"?

1. Salmon P. Chase.
2. Alexander Hamilton.
3. President Andrew Jackson.
4. John Jay.
5. Benjamin Franklin.
6. Patrick Henry.

QUESTION No. 16

What State of the Union Was Formerly an Independent Republic for Nine Years?

1. Louisiana.
2. Minnesota.
3. Maine.
4. North Carolina.
5. Nevada.
6. Texas.
7. California.
8. Illinois

QUESTION No. 17

What Is Meant by the "Hoover Moratorium"?

1. Suspension of payment of principal on farm mortgages.
2. Suspension of interest payments on Government bonds.
3. Suspension of war reparations payments by Germany.
4. Suspension of interest payments on all industrial bonds.
5. Suspension of war debt payments due us from England and France.
6. Suspension of all Congressional appropriations for armament.

QUESTION No. 18

What Was the Principal Political Issue Dividing Republicans and Democrats for 50 Years, 1870-1920?

1. Entangling alliances vs. no entangling alliances with foreign nations.
2. High taxation vs. low taxation.
3. Rights of States vs. powers of the Federal Government.
4. Protective tariff vs. free trade.
5. Encouragement vs. discouragement of European immigration.
6. Liquor traffic vs. prohibition.

QUESTION No. 19

What Was Our Principal Reason for Military Invasion of Mexico in 1846?

1. Conquest of all of Mexico.
2. Settlement of the Texas-Mexican boundary dispute.
3. Acquisition of California.
4. To force Mexico to accept annexation of Texas to the United States.
5. To extend slavery into Mexico.
6. To redeem bonds and obligations of the former Republic of Texas.

QUESTION No. 20

What Was the Basic Cause of the Civil War?

1. British attempts to divide the Union.
2. French attempts to divide the Union.
3. Southern aristocracy vs. Northern plebeianism.
4. The Missouri Compromise.
5. The Dred-Scott decision of the Supreme Court.
6. Northern opposition to slavery.
7. Northern industrial capitalism vs. Southern agrarianism.
8. The Lincoln-Douglas debates.

QUESTION No. 21

What Part of the Constitution Protects the Citizen Against Imprisonment Without Trial?

1. Article I, Section 9.
2. Article I, Section 8.
3. Article I, Section 10.
4. Article VI, Amendment.
5. Article XIV, Amendment.
6. Article VII, Amendment.
7. Article VIII, Amendment.
8. Article V, Amendment.

QUESTION No. 22

What Part of the Constitution Most Strongly Influenced and Brought About the Economic Unity of the Nation Before the Civil War?

1. Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, the "general welfare" clause.
2. Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, the "commerce clause."
3. Article V, Amendment.
4. Article I, Section 8, Clause 5, the "money clause."
5. Article I, Section 7.
6. Article XIV. "the Fourteenth Amendment."

QUESTION No. 23

Name One Power Which, Under the Constitution, Cannot Be Exercised Concurrently by the Federal Government and the States.

1. Enforcement of national prohibition.
2. Taxation of incomes.
3. Control of interstate railways.
4. Taxation of inheritances.
5. Protection of religious worship.
6. Regulation of labor in mines and factories.

QUESTION No. 24

Indicate One Way in Which the Constitution Can Be Amended.

1. Two-fourths of both houses shall propose an amendment, and three-fourths of the states shall ratify.
2. Two-fourths of the states shall propose an amendment, and two-thirds of the states shall ratify.
3. Three-fourths of the states shall propose an amendment, and three-fourths of the states shall ratify.
4. Three-fourths of both houses shall propose an amendment, and two-thirds of the states shall ratify.
5. Two-thirds of both houses shall propose an amendment, and two-thirds of the states shall ratify.
6. Two-thirds of the states shall propose an amendment, and two-thirds of the states shall ratify.

QUESTION No. 25

What Is Meant by the "Due Process of Law" Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution?

1. A person cannot be twice placed in jeopardy for the same offense.
2. A right or privilege is established by an act of Congress.
3. A right or privilege is established by an act of a state legislature.
4. A civil or criminal case has been given a fair hearing before a court.
5. The Supreme Court of the United States has made a final adjudication of a case or issue.
6. The United States Circuit Court of Appeals has reviewed a case.
7. The United States Attorney-General has rendered an opinion on a case or issue.
8. The Supreme or Appellate Court of a state has reviewed a case or issue.

QUESTION No. 26

Name One Functionary Who Is Not an Officer of the United States.

1. The President.
2. The Secretary of State.
3. The Secretary of War.
4. An admiral in the United States Navy.
5. The warden of a Federal penitentiary.
6. A United States Senator.
7. A general in the United States Army.
8. A United States District Attorney.

QUESTION No. 27

Name One Judicial Power of the President.

1. He can appoint Supreme Court justices, with approval of the Senate.
2. He can remove cabinet officers without approval of the Senate.
3. He can shape foreign policy.
4. In time of war he can control resources of the nation.
5. He can pardon persons convicted of crime.
6. He can send troops to scenes of domestic disorder.
7. He can grant or deny recognition to a foreign government.
8. He can veto legislation of Congress.

QUESTION No. 28

In the Event of a Voting Tie in the United States Senate, Who Casts the Deciding Vote?

1. The Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee.
2. The senior Senator in point of tenure of office.
3. The Vice-President.
4. The Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee.
5. The tie cannot be broken.
6. The leader of the political majority.

REMEMBER! YOUR LETTER MUST BE POSTMARKED

,000 Await 260 Winners—
dnight, December 28, Is the Last Hour!

QUESTION No. 29

When and How Often Must the Congress Assemble?

1. At least once every year on the second Monday of December.
2. At least twice every two years on the first Monday of December.
3. At least once every two years on the first Monday in January.
4. At least twice every year on the third Monday of May and December respectively.
5. At least once every three years on the first Monday of December.
6. At least once every year on the third day of January.

QUESTION No. 30

Delegation of Legislative Powers to Trade Associations, As Under the N.R.A., Violates Which Part of the Constitution?

1. Article I, Section 1.
2. Article I, Section 7.
3. Article I, Section 8.
4. The Fourteenth Amendment, Section 1.
5. Article III, Section 1.
6. Article III, Section 2.

QUESTION No. 31

How Many Times Has the Constitution Been Amended?

1. Fourteen.
2. Eighteen.
3. Ten.
4. Six.
5. Seventeen.
6. Twenty-one.
7. Thirty.
8. Fifteen.

QUESTION No. 32

In What Way Principally, Under the Constitution, Can Congress Emasculate the Supreme Court?

1. It can abolish it altogether.
2. It can legislate away its appellate jurisdiction.
3. It can prevent it from hearing cases in which a state is a party.
4. It can forever limit its membership to nine men.
5. It can increase the Court's membership at will.
6. It can wipe out all courts inferior to the Supreme Court.

QUESTION No. 33

Select One Act Which the President Can Constitutionally Perform.

1. Pardon an impeached person.
2. Make a treaty with a foreign power without consent and approval of the Senate.
3. Adjourn Congress.
4. Command state militia when it is not in the service of the United States.
5. Receive a cash bonus from the various states while in office.
6. Have Congress increase his salary while he is in office.

QUESTION No. 34

Select One Circumstance or Congressional Act Which Is in Violation of the Constitution.

1. The Senate proposes an amendment to an appropriations bill.
2. The House of Representatives alone impeaches a member of the President's cabinet.
3. The House of Representatives expels its Speaker by a vote of two-thirds.
4. The Senate, without the consent of the House, adjourns for two days.
5. The Senate seats a Senator from New York State who was vacationing in Florida on the day he was elected.
6. The House and Senate pass by a standing vote a bill over the veto of the President.
7. A vote on adjournment is not presented to the President for his approval.

QUESTION No. 35

Name an Offense for Which a Senator or Representative Cannot Be Arrested During His Attendance at a Session of Congress.

1. Brawling in public.
2. Duelling.
3. Using the mails to defraud.
4. Grand larceny.
5. Failing to report an auto accident in which persons are injured.
6. Selling military secrets in time of war.
7. Income tax violation.
8. Forgery.

QUESTION No. 36

What Is the Proper Meaning and Application of the Word "Unconstitutional"?

1. A law passed by Congress is in violation of the Constitution.
2. A law passed by a state legislature is in violation of the Constitution.
3. A law passed by Congress deals with a subject matter not encompassed by the Constitution.
4. A law passed by a state legislature deals with a subject matter not encompassed by the Federal Constitution.
5. A legislative enactment, attempted to be made into a law, is no law at all.
6. A law not in keeping with the settled maxims and usages of the country.
7. A law opposed to the natural law or to public policy.
8. A law which exceeds the constitutional powers enjoyed by a state.

QUESTION No. 37

Which Was the Last State to Ratify the Constitution?

1. New York.
2. North Carolina.
3. Maryland.
4. New Jersey.
5. Connecticut.
6. Rhode Island.
7. Pennsylvania.
8. Delaware.

QUESTION No. 38

Under the Constitution, Where Do the Residuary Powers of Government Lie?

1. In the federal government.
2. In the Chief Executive.
3. In the states which make up the Union.
4. In the people as a whole.
5. In the Supreme Court.
6. In the Congress.
7. In the United States Senate.
8. In the United States House of Representatives.

QUESTION No. 39

Wherein Does the Constitution of the United States Differ From State Constitutions?

1. The U. S. Constitution enumerates the powers of the federal government; state constitutions do not enumerate powers of state governments.
2. State constitutions enumerate powers of state governments; the U. S. Constitution does not enumerate powers of the federal government.
3. The federal government can claim powers not granted to it by the U. S. Constitution; states cannot claim powers not granted to them under state constitutions.
4. The federal government cannot claim powers not granted to it by the U. S. Constitution; states can claim powers not granted to them by state constitutions.
5. The U. S. Constitution represents the will of the people; state constitutions represent the will of legislatures.
6. The U. S. Constitution represents only the wills of its signers; state constitutions represent the will of the people

QUESTION No. 40

Why Did Framers of the Constitution Decree That Bills for the Appropriation of Money Should Originate in the House of Representatives?

1. The House is not as susceptible to corruption by predatory interests as the Senate.
2. There is more time given to debate of money bills in the House than in the Senate.
3. The Senate serves best in the capacity of an auditor or "watch dog" of financial legislation than the House.
4. Being more numerous, the House represents the people more directly than the Senate.
5. Elections for House members are more frequent than for Senators.
6. The Senate is more subject of domination by the Chief Executive than the House.

QUESTION No. 41

Who Has Been Called "The Expounder of the Constitution"?

1. Chief Justice Taney.
2. Chief Justice Waite.
3. Chief Justice Marshall.
4. Chief Justice Taft.
5. Chief Justice Hughes.
6. Chief Justice Holmes.
7. Chief Justice White.
8. Chief Justice Harlan.

QUESTION No. 42

What Is a Bill of Attainder?

1. A bill introduced in both House and Senate at the same time.
2. A bill which is passed over presidential veto.
3. A bill of exchange.
4. Government money.
5. A bill providing for repudiation of national debt.
6. A bill convicting a person for an alleged crime.
7. A bill providing repudiation of war debts.
8. A bill interfering with freedom of contract.

QUESTION No. 43

What Are Letters of Marque and Reprisal?

1. A license to engage in privateering.
2. Letters of authority handed to a United States diplomatic representative.
3. Letters asking a foreign diplomat to leave the United States.
4. Authority to execute prisoners in time of war.
5. Letters of credit issued by the government to financial institutions.
6. Secret treaties between the United States and foreign nations.

QUESTION No. 44

What Is An Ex Post Facto Law?

1. Any law which is declared unconstitutional.
2. A law increasing punishment for a crime greater than that which existed when the crime was committed.
3. A law abridging free exercise of religion.
4. A law abridging the right of free speech.
5. A law declaring a state of war to exist between two states.
6. A law which is plain and requires no judicial interpretation.

QUESTION No. 45

What Part of the Constitution Is Called the "Bill of Rights"?

1. The preamble.
2. The Fourteenth Amendment.
3. The Thirteenth Amendment.
4. The first ten amendments.
5. The Fifteenth Amendment.
6. Article I of the original Constitution.
7. The first four articles.
8. The Declaration of Independence.

QUESTION No. 46

Why Was the Sixteenth Amendment to the Constitution Necessary?

1. A direct tax could not constitutionally be apportioned among the states.
2. In order to strengthen centralization of power in the federal government.
3. In order to strengthen the credit of the United States with foreign nations.
4. It was necessary in order to pay the national debt left from the Civil War.
5. Wealth had accumulated in some states and poverty in others.
6. In order to pay the expenses of a growing bureaucracy.

QUESTION No. 47

Name One Sort of Case in Which the United States Supreme Court Has Original Jurisdiction.

1. Habeas corpus.
2. Bankruptcy.
3. Cases arising out of interstate commerce.
4. Cases in which a state is a party.
5. Admiralty claims.
6. Cases dealing with immigration.
7. Cases dealing with customs.
8. Cases of criminal proceedings against aliens.

QUESTION No. 48

What Part of the Constitution Compelled Return of Fugitive Slaves to Their Owners?

1. Article I, Section 8, original Constitution.
2. Article I, Section 9, original Constitution.
3. Article IV, Section 3, original Constitution.
4. The Fourteenth Amendment.
5. The Thirteenth Amendment.
6. Article IV, Section 2, original Constitution.
7. The Ninth Amendment.
8. The Tenth Amendment.

QUESTION No. 49

Who Was the Ablest and Most Persistent Advocate of Nullification of the Constitution?

1. Daniel Webster.
2. James Madison.
3. John Randolph.
4. Henry Clay.
5. John C. Calhoun.
6. Robert Young Hayne.
7. William Lloyd Garrison.
8. Stephen A. Douglas.

QUESTION No. 50

Name One Thing Congress Cannot Do.

1. Control interstate and foreign commerce.
2. Coin money.
3. Issue paper money.
4. Levy duties on exports.
5. Control immigration.
6. Control naturalization.
7. Establish post offices.
8. Punish for treason.

NOTICE

An Extra Composite Coupon Will Be Found on Page 12

T OR BEFORE MIDNIGHT, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28

Headlines

(Continued from Page 4)

undersecretary of the British Treasury, declared when he arrived by clipper today en route to Washington."

Quite a contrast to what Lord Lothian said the previous week!

* * *

Chicago Daily Tribune: "Frenchmen Cast 'Uncle Sam' As 'Shylock' Again.

"Uncle Sam again is becoming 'Uncle Shylock' in the opinion of the Paris press, which presents him not as a noble idealist, but as a hardheaded businessman, who knows on which side his bread is buttered."

* * *

N. Y. Herald Tribune: "Federal Reserve Head Sees Advance To Britain Balking U. S. Inflation.

"A proposal that the United States make a $2,500,000,000 loan to the British government, and take as security a lien on the British Empire's gold production over the next five years, was laid before a closed meeting of bankers, industrialists and economists here by Marriner S. Eccles, chairman of the board of governors of the Federal Reserve System."

And should Great Britain lose, our gold in Fort Knox and elsewhere can be used to fill many aching teeth which bit off more than they could chew!

* * *

N. Y. Herald Tribune: "McNutt Heads U. S. Defense Welfare Work.

"The White House announced this afternoon that Paul V. McNutt, Federal Security Administrator, had been appointed coordinator of 'all health, medical, welfare, nutrition, recreation and other related fields of activity affecting the national defense."

In one sense, that is the biggest job given to any single individual in the United States.

It is almost big enough to make of Paul V. McNutt the long-looked-for *"Gabriel Over the White House."*

* * *

N. Y. Sun: "NYA May Take Welfare Task In New Army.

"If present plans become fixed policies in Federal handling of the national defense program, the National Youth Administration, of which Aubrey Williams, one of the most radical New Dealers, is head, and the Works Projects Administration, Government relief agency, will do the job in the present international crisis that such organizations as the Y.M.C.A., the Salvation Army, the Jewish Welfare Board and the Knights of Columbus did for American soldiers and sailors during the world war . . ."

It seems to us that Mr. McNutt's job and the job to be headed by Aubrey Williams might come into conflict.

No matter what happens, the mothers of America can well worry if their sons are placed under the ideological supervision of Aubrey Williams.

* * *

The Weekly Review (London):

"Prolonged war and the exhaustion of war are of themselves likely to produce revolution. In this war there is added the fact that a revolution, whose aim it is to destroy all tradition and even the natural law upon which human society is based, is already in active operation."

That is a rather startling statement coming from an English periodical. It is in harmony with what SOCIAL JUSTICE has been saying for many months.

EXTRA COUPON FOR A FRIEND

"Contest Manager," SOCIAL JUSTICE, Royal Oak, Michigan

Following are my selections of answers to all 50 questions of the *"AMERICA FIRST"* Contest. I am enclosing $2.50, payment in full

No. 1	For Question No. 1 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 26	For Question No. 26 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 2	For Question No. 2 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 27	For Question No. 27 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 3	For Question No. 3 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 28	For Question No. 28 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 4	For Question No. 4 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 29	For Question No. 29 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 5	For Question No. 5 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 30	For Question No. 30 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 6	For Question No. 6 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 31	For Question No. 31 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 7	For Question No. 7 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 32	For Question No. 32 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 8	For Question No. 8 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 33	For Question No. 33 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 9	For Question No. 9 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 34	For Question No. 34 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 10	For Question No. 10 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 35	For Question No. 35 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 11	For Question No. 11 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 36	For Question No. 36 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 12	For Question No. 12 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 37	For Question No. 37 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 13	For Question No. 13 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 38	For Question No. 38 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 14	For Question No. 14 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 39	For Question No. 39 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 15	For Question No. 15 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 40	For Question No. 40 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 16	For Question No. 16 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 41	For Question No. 41 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 17	For Question No. 17 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 42	For Question No. 42 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 18	For Question No. 18 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 43	For Question No. 43 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 19	For Question No. 19 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 44	For Question No. 44 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 20	For Question No. 20 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 45	For Question No. 45 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 21	For Question No. 21 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 46	For Question No. 46 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 22	For Question No. 22 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 47	For Question No. 47 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 23	For Question No. 23 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 48	For Question No. 48 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 24	For Question No. 24 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 49	For Question No. 49 I Select Answer No. ☐
No. 25	For Question No. 25 I Select Answer No. ☐	No. 50	For Question No. 50 I Select Answer No. ☐

MY NAME IS _____

MY ADDRESS IS _____

TOWN OR CITY _____ STATE _____

If entering now, fill in this coupon in full and return with $2.50. If already entered, fill in from where you left off.

Rules of the Contest

1. The *"AMERICA FIRST" Contest* is open to all readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine, except employes or members of their families.

2. The contest shall consist of 50 questions on the history of the United States and the *Constitution* of the United States and shall run for 11 consecutive weeks beginning the week of October 7. Two questions each week for 10 weeks and all 50 questions on the 11th week.

3. A Grand Prize of $1,500.00 will be awarded the contestant returning the best or most appropriate answers to the 50 questions and otherwise complying with the rules. Contestants submitting the next most nearly correct answers and otherwise complying with the rules shall be eligible for the additional prizes in the order of their correctness.

4. In order to qualify as a prize-winner, the contestant is required to send in 10 cents in coin (not stamps) with each pair of answers, or a total of $2.50 with the 50 answers. For these remittances the contestant will be sent without further cost a handsomely illuminated copy of the *Constitution* suitable for wall decoration.

5. We cannot take into account solutions without signed names and addresses. Neither can claims to their ownership be recognized. We cannot be responsible for coupons arriving unduly late or lost in the mails. By entering the contest the contestant agrees to accept as final the decisions of the judges as to procedure and final outcome.

6. In event of ties, additional questions will be submitted. In event of final ties, after two such submissions, duplicate prizes will be awarded.

7. Do not decorate coupons. Neatness will not count.

8. Any inquiry, the reply to which could not affect outcome of the contest, will be acknowledged.

9. A contestant may send in any number of sets of duly qualified answers and each set will be judged as a unit, but no individual may win more than one prize. If submitting more than one set of answers, the contestant is required to keep them distinct by designating them "Set 1," "Set 2," "Set 3," etc. Each submitted set shall entitle the contestant to the illuminated copy of the *Constitution* referred to in Rule 4.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTESTANTS

1. Study the questions. Mark your selection of the best or most appropriate answers in the little squares on the Composite Coupon. Mark them by their numbers as lined up under the respective questions.

2. Each question pertains to the history or *Constitution* of the United States.

3. One out of the list of suggested answers under each question will be the best or most appropriate.

4. In order to qualify as a prize-winner, each contestant is required to remit $2.50 for each complete set of solutions submitted. For this remittance the Contestant shall have sent without further cost a handsomely illuminated copy of the *Constitution* of the United States, suitable for wall decoration.

5. If you run more than one set of answers, be sure to mark your sets "Set 1," "Set 2," "Set 3," etc. Each set stands alone in the judging. Coupons are NOT taken from one set to fill in bad "holes" in another set.

6. Keep in mind the last hour — Midnight, Saturday, December 28.

AIM SQUARELY AT THAT $1,500.00

GRAND PRIZE	$1,500.00
Second Prize	800.00
Third Prize	500.00
Fourth Prize	300.00
Fifth Prize	200.00
Sixth Prize	100.00
Seventh Prize, four cash awards of $25 each	100.00
Fifty prizes of $10.00 each	500.00
Two Hundred prizes of $5.00 each	1,000.00
TOTAL	$5,000.00

Red Probe in N.Y. Schools

IN THE November 6th, 1939, issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE it was our privilege to uncover in a lengthy article the existence of the Reds and Marxists in the New York City educational and civil service systems.

More than a year ago, therefore, we dared to venture into a labyrinth of radicalism, to warn the citizens of New York against the infiltration of Marxism which threatens to Sovietize this nation.

Last week our efforts were proven to have been fruitful. The now well-known Brooklyn case of public teachers operating under disguised names is no longer speculation.

The fact is that some public school teachers, like Jekyll and Hyde, were Communist activists at night and pedagogues on the public payroll by day.

The communistic *Daily Worker* (Dec. 2), headlined the following: *"Charge Coughlin and Anti-Semites Incited Civil Service Probe Here."*

The *Daily Worker* article further said:

"Alfred E. Smith, Jr., who is conducting a one-man investigation of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, has been flagrantly violating the City's rules by attempting to hold secret hearings, it has been charged by the New York Conference of Inalienable Rights.

"The charge was made in a memorandum sent to Mayor LaGuardia, the City Council and more than 500 organizations throughout the city.

"It charges that the current probe was instigated by anti-Semitic groups, chief among them the followers of Father Coughlin, declaring that 'Father Coughlin's *Social Justice* and its Brooklyn appendage, *The Tablet*, in a series of articles . . . used anti-Semitic prejudices and anti-democratic arguments to make their points.'

"As evidence it quoted this passage from *Social Justice:*

" 'The rookie cops of New York, the sergeants, the inspectors, ninety per cent of them good Christians, do not know . . . that the preference must go to "university men." A man must be up on his Greek, mathematics, zoology, astronomy and Hebrew before he can become a good cop. The boys from Cork, Gallaway and Yorkshire, and Bavaria, and Callabria, who have made the "force" what it is are now to have over them a bunch of ringers who could not tell a nightstick from a stick of salami . . . It can be imagined what thirteen thousand Christian cops in the metropolis are going to think about it — and do about it!'

"The memorandum also points out that Alfred E. Smith, Jr., was the attorney to Captain John T. Prout, who was charged with aiding the Christian Fronters and who was acquitted of this charge by a military court two days ago.

"Also, it was charged that Father Coughlin's anti-democratic and anti-Semitic groups had a hand in starting the fight against the administration of the Municipal Civil Service Commission by Paul Kern, its president.

"Quoting from the Sept. 11, 1939, issue of *Social Justice*, the memorandum pointed out that the attack on President Kern was initiated by Father Coughlin's publication in a series of 'articles which used anti-Semitic prejudices and anti-democratic arguments.'

"The Smith Committee's method of investigating President Kern was denounced as 'star chamber proceedings' and 'a sinister manifestation which, if not halted now, may overrun our democratic institutions and eventually choke them to death.' The memorandum said that this is the latest of a 'plague of secret investigations, hearings, and committees which has recently struck the nation'."

* * *

It is high-time for sound-thinking Americans to appreciate that neither Father Coughlin nor his followers are anti-Semites.

They are anti-Communists, anti-Nazis and anti-Marxists.

They are pro-Christians and pro-Americans and pro-constitutionalists.

If a Jew — considering him as a racialist — advocates Marxism or belongs to a Marxist organization, he should look for no immunity because he is a Jew.

If Father Coughlin and the "Coughlinites" — so-called — attack pro-Marxists, it is high-time that they cease to be recognized as anti-Semites when the object of their attack happens to be a Jew.

Decent Jews, concerned more with truth, with Americanism and with morality, have suffered too long as a result of some of their leaders howling about "anti-Semitism," when indecent Jews are rightfully held up to scorn for their affiliations with Marxism and for the attempt on the part of certain leaders to protect them merely because they are Jewish.

Americans, at long last, are really awakening to the threat against their constitutional form of government.

Those threatening it can not seek sanctuary behind any label of race or of religion.

In this nation there is guaranteed freedom of conscience to all. But this freedom of conscience can not be abused to the extent of permitting any group of racialists or religionists to operate or organize for the overthrow of the *Constitution*.

Red Schoolhouses

LAST MARCH the New York State Legislature appointed a joint committee to investigate the public educational system in New York.

For the past few months a subcommittee of this investigating body has been holding secret sessions in New York City under the supervision of State Senator Frederic R. Coudert, Jr.

Judging from the wealth of Communist pamphlets distributed around the city charging Mr. Coudert to be a reactionary, a "Fascist" and a labor-hater, it was expected that the Senator had already uncovered some valuable evidence of Red penetration into the city school system.

Last week, when the subcommittee finally threw open its doors for a series of public hearings, these expectations were amply justified.

Day after day, witnesses unfolded a sordid tale of Communist infiltration into the faculties of tax-supported colleges, of Communist control of the notorious Teachers Union, of Communist attempts to turn children as young as 6 years old into Christian-hating proletarians — until even the most politically-unconscious citizen was able to perceive the decay and rottenness into which New York City education had fallen during the beneficent administration of Fiorello LaGuardia.

Most startling testimony came from Ralph De Sola, a former zoologist, who joined the Communist Party in 1934 and was assigned to the party's Children's Bureau.

The aim of this body was to spread Communist doctrine among children in public schools between the ages of 6 and 14. Although too young to comprehend the finer points of dialectical materialism, the youngsters unfortunate enough to have teachers who were members of the party were told that non-Communist school authorities and policemen were their mortal enemies.

At the same time these children were forced to join a Communist outfit called the "Young Pioneers," which arranged to take care of their leisure hours. One of the activities on the Young Pioneers' schedule was forming into gangs and going out and fighting the Boy Scouts!

* * *

Another witness, Bernard Grebanier, told of Red influence at city-owned Brooklyn College, where he is assistant professor of English literature.

Professor Grebanier joined the party in 1933, resigned in 1938 and was "expelled" in 1939 (a Red cannot officially resign; he must be expelled).

While active as a Communist, Mr. Grebanier twice served as chairman of his party unit at the college, at which time he directed discussions on policy and Communist agitation.

The witness named nine other professors and instructors at Brooklyn College as party members, most of them Jewish educators who assumed Christian names to conceal their racial identity.

He also told how the Communists controlled the powerful Teachers Union and held secret fraction meetings before each union gathering in order to direct the regular meetings according to the specified party line.

As a result of Professor Grebanier's disclosures 25 Communists, or suspected Communists, on the Brooklyn College faculty, were cited for contempt by the subcommittee when they refused to testify on the validity of the witness's assertions.

Professor Grebanier's testimony was supported by no less a personage than President Harry D. Gideonse, head of Brooklyn College.

* * *

By means of the Red-dominated American Student Union and aid from Communist Party headquarters, Dr. Gideonse testified, Reds controlled the student government of the college's 14,000 students and used the buildings and the campus as a sounding board for Communist propaganda.

Dr. Gideonse related his attempts to break up Red control by holding free elections for student officers. After this move, he stated, he was denounced as a "Fascist," his home was picketed and his family was terrorized by a deluge of telegrams and phone calls that continued for three days and nights.

One telegram handed to his wife announced a sudden death in the family. A telephone call, purporting to come from Mayor LaGuardia, ordered the college

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Comment

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president to cease persecution of Communists.

Red faculty members even went so far as to direct student picketing of the president's home during which the picketeers wore gas masks in order to terrify his two sons.

While this testimony was being taken down by subcommittee clerks, representatives of the Teachers Union created havoc in the public hearings by demanding permission to read long statements charging that the committee was deliberately trying to "wreck the trade union movement."

Order was restored only after the leftist Teachers Union delegates were forcibly ejected.

* * *

Meanwhile, tremendous political pressure was being exerted to clamp down on the investigating committee, as it had only begun its exposure of the corrupt state of public education in New York.

Such Red C.I.O. unions as the Transport Workers and Electrical Workers drew up huge petitions of denunciation, while pro-Red politicians in the Mayor's office and in the Fusionist-American Labor Party administration worked frantically behind the scenes to have the committee squelched and sent back to Albany.

Nevertheless, the lid has finally been blown off the corrupt, pro-Red LaGuardia administration in New York.

In the next mayoralty election there are bound to be many parents who will be seeking a new, Christian mayor to clean out the Communists once and for all from the city school system.

New Yorkers are decidedly tired of paying taxes which are distributed as salaries to atheist professors of Stalinism.

Bill to Curb Defense Strikes

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ridiculed the bill of Representative Howard W. Smith of Virginia to impose penalties up to life imprisonment for persons convicted of sabotage in defense industries, and rightly so.

The bill also would make it illegal to require a person seeking employment in the defense industry either to join or not join a labor organization.

Finally, the bill would prohibit strikes in factories engaged in defense production.

Undoubtedly, Representative Smith is off on a tangent.

The right to strike belongs to labor.

Any law aimed at canceling this right is unAmerican.

It would behoove Representative Smith and labor leaders, operating in conjunction with industrialists, to establish a minimum annual wage for all men employed in recognized factories throughout America.

It would behoove Senator Smith, labor leaders and industrialists to co-operate in a campaign to eradicate leftist leaders and racketeers from the ranks of labor.

By and large, American labor is sound.

Unfortunately, the Government of the United States dilly-dallied too many years, doing nothing positive for labor before 1933.

Labor was exploited.

Labor unions were sabotaged.

Labor rights were disregarded.

And all this time wealth was concentrated in the hands of a few while government was dominated by the concentrators.

There will be no need to write any legislation prohibiting strikes if the two causes for strikes are removed — *racketeers and radicals in the ranks of labor; low wages and insecurity in the pay envelopes.*

It is to be hoped that Mr. Roosevelt and this present Congress will move fearlessly in attacking this dual question.

Election Frauds and Reform

CHAIRMAN GILLETTE of the Senate Campaign Expenditures Committee has charged that never in American history was there a "more patent, potent and potential attempt" to buy an election than this year.

He asserted that drastic revision of state and Federal election laws was essential "to prevent further wholesale debauchery of the ballot box and its purposes."

Moreover, he indicated that his committee would have definite recommendations for the next Congress.

In these days, when in America we view the last functioning democracy, it is well for us to consider wherein we can improve not only the machinery for election purposes but also perfect the machinery which will turn out a better representative form of government.

What is democracy?

Generally speaking, it is the rule of the people.

More specifically, it is any form of government selected by all the people for the welfare of all.

In America we have made our choice which is expressed in our *Constitution.*

In America we have selected our specific kind of democracy which consists of three equal, three interdependent and three constitutionally independent branches of government.

The Executive branch of Government is topped by the President.

The Legislative branch of Government is generally referred to as Congress.

The Judicial branch of Government is known as the Supreme Court and all the courts inferior to it.

The only suggestion which might be offered to improve our concept of the Executive branch of Government is one which touches upon the outmoded and meaningless electoral college.

Instead of having the President elected indirectly by the members of the electoral college, it might be well to have him elected directly by a majority of the voters in the nation.

At present there is no substantial suggestion to be made relative to the Judicial branch of our Government.

Both that branch, as well as the Executive branch, constitute one of the most perfect conceptions of government adopted by any civilized nation.

* * *

As for the Legislative branch of government, however, it might be well for the nation to consider whether or not it would be advantageous — and more democratic — to perfect our system of representation.

Should our representatives be the nominess and electees of industrial America?

Positively no.

Should our representatives be the nominees and electees of financial America?

Positively no.

Should our representatives be the nominees and electees of agricultural America?

Positively no.

Should our representatives be the nominees and electees of professional America?

Positively no.

Should our representatives be the nominees and electees of laboring America?

Positively no.

When we consider that America is composed, as is a human body, of various limbs, organs and parts which should co-operate for the common health and welfare of the entire being, it is evident that there should be no class domination in this nation.

There should be class co-operation.

And if such, there should be representation of a type which guarantees that every class of citizens will have representation in Congress to safeguard the rights of that class, with representation that will co-ordinate their efforts for the common good of all.

A Wall Street political party is an abortion.

An industrial party is calamity.

A labor party is a monstrosity.

There should be — not necessarily a multiplication of parties — an "American Party" which will clean out the cancer of politics and guarantee adequate representation for all classes.

To our minds, that would be the perfection of democracy.

Possibly Senator Gillette and his committeemen, keeping step with the tempo of modern events, will have courage to explore the possibilities of perfecting our present stumbling representative government.

Your Last Moment

THIS is the last moment you have to get in a subscription order as a Christmas gift to some friend to whom you might want to send SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

You could hardly do him a greater favor. You who are regular readers know how privileged you are in the information which you have been getting from these pages week after week.

Almost every edition for the last several weeks has been able to cite another prediction fulfilled, or another "turn" called in world events — either before the newspapers have taken it up, or exclusive of their notice altogether.

For example, the "Red" probe in the New York schools, which is making news in the papers just now, appeared first as a warning in SOCIAL JUSTICE November 6, 1939. One full year ago!

Certainly there is some friend with whom you correspond or with whom you talk about these matters. If he does not take SOCIAL JUSTICE, why not remember him with a subscription as a Christmas present? Believe us, he would appreciate it; and thank you many times.

Comment

Army Men Foresee War

APPROXIMATELY 81½ per cent of 183 U.S. Army officers, polled casually by a newspaper writer during an eight-day inspection trip of Army camps, believe the United States will be at war next year, the reporter wrote in his paper, the *Washington Times-Herald*.

The officers, ranging from lieutenants to generals, were sounded out in casual conversation. They were not told the inquiry was a "poll."

In this informal survey, however, 149 said they thought America would enter the war; only 23 believed the nation could stay out; and 11 offered no opinion.

The majority based their belief on America's haste in building a tremendous army of 1,200,000 men, and on Great Britain's urgent pleas for more aid.

"After we send money, we will have to send men," was their conclusion.

Questioning the necessity for a huge Army simply for defense, one officer reportedly asked: "What are we building an Army of 1,200,000 men for, if we don't intend to get into war? We don't need that big an Army to defend us when the nearest of two possible enemies is more than 3,000 miles away."

Nor was there any doubt in the minds of those expecting war that American troops would be sent to fight on foreign soil, though many agreed that land operations would follow naval participation by several months.

As for the lack of possible battlegrounds —which many observers hold to be a guarantee of peace for America—the Army men had various theories. Some were said to believe that if the Greeks continue to hold off the Italians, the Balkan countries would afford a theatre of war whence a drive on Berlin could be initiated. In such an event the assistance of Jugoslavia and Turkey might be counted on, they said.

Another possible scene of operations, they thought would be Italy, providing the Greeks do not falter.

Other officers thought that American troops might be landed in Portugal, drive through Spain, and into France, where they would try to wrest control of French ports from the Nazis.

Most of the officers, according to this reporter, believed that a combined British and American force might succeed in landing troops on the French coast, then proceed to push the Germans eastward over World War battlegrounds.

Gold Is Through!

PROFESSOR KEMMERER of Princeton, regarded internationally as one of the world's ablest authorities on money, takes a very optimistic view on the outlook for gold, observes the *Boston Post*.

"Instead of being worried by our huge stocks of the yellow metal, he says it is a *great asset and bound to serve as a basis for world money after the war.*"

Now there is an authoritative public pronouncement.

It was "crackpotism" — indeed, even "anti-Semitism" — when SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine told you the same thing in its financial pages, in the very first weeks of our existence back in 1936!

The *Post* editorial continues:

"He (that is Dr. Kemmerer) further points out that 'it is significant that the value of gold, as expressed in purchasing power in the United States during the last half dozen years, has been higher than at any other equivalent period in 140 years.'

"Our so-called 59-cent dollar," he says, "today buys about 25 per cent more goods than did our 100-cent dollar in the prosperous year of 1926; and an ounce of gold will buy more than twice what it did then.

"This simply means, of course, that prices of goods have declined from the 1926 level and the buying power of an ounce of gold has been in part expanded because our Government is ready to pay $35 an ounce for it where it used to pay $20.67 an ounce.

"It would be interesting," continues the *Post*, "to have some of the economists *explain why prices have fallen over a period of years when the production of gold has been greater than ever before in history.*

"They always used to teach that a sharp increase in the supply of gold almost automatically raised prices.

"This was the so-called quantitative theory of gold values."

Good for the *Boston Post!*

Would that more American newspapers would set their editorial staffs to work on this gold study; to see what really makes this international money racket "tick."

The War Score

HERE IS the tally sheet for the first 15 months of the Second World War, as compounded by French economists at Vichy.

Military casualties—1-million.

Civilian casualties — too many to be properly estimated but believed already to exceed those of the entire First World War.

Industrial activity—15 per cent of normal in the 14 European countries which are neutral or occupied by Germany.

Trade on the European continent—5 per cent of normal.

Building and construction—more houses and offices have been destroyed in the last twelve months than have been built in the last 10 years.

Shipping—more shipping sunk than constructed since 1925.

This is the situation after 15 months.

* * *

A more descriptive and more terrifying picture, however, is furnished by a recent report of the Belgian Committee for Reconstruction.

Here is what happened to Belgium between May 10 and May 28 of this year—a period of only 18 days.

Nine thousand eight hundred and thirty-two houses razed, 24,156 severely damaged and 116,710 slightly damaged.

Three hundred and fifty-two factories destroyed.

Six thousand miles of highway devastated.

One hundred railway depots demolished.

One thousand one hundred and forty-five bridges and tunnels blown up by the retreating Allies.

Agricultural crops and food surpluses were practically wiped out. The Belgian population is now being forced to eat chestnuts in place of potatoes, bone marrow is being used for fat, and aromatic grasses are replacing vinegar and oil as seasoning.

Estimated cost of rehabilitation: $417-million—more than the highest budget in Belgian history.

* * *

Such is modern war, and into this slough of total destruction and annihilation American soldiers are soon to be sent by politicians, bankers and grafters who will remain safely and securely 3,000 miles away on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean, which they say has shrunk to the size of another English Channel.

'Pie in the Sky'

"TO TALK about planes in 1942, and about merchant shipping that we will build for England a year hence, is to talk about pie in the sky," writes Raymond Clapper in a recent column.

"This is my own size-up and I attribute it to no one in the Administration, but I cannot see how England can go on much longer unless immediate aid of far larger proportions is forthcoming from the United States.

"Within the next few weeks, it seems to me, England must know what to expect from us in order that she may act accordingly. If nothing more is coming, except on the present schedule, then England may very well decide that *it would be futile to continue suffering this creeping devastation with no hope of victory.*

"In what I have just said, I am not talking defeatism or any other kind of ism, but only trying to look this situation squarely in the face!"

Mr. Clapper's comment, a bit franker than most observers permit themselves, fairly well sums up the Washington picture at this writing.

"There is," he adds, "a strange silence in Washington these days regarding Britain."

The President even took a couple of weeks "out" as it were till things "jell."

Mr. Clapper reports:

"Lord Lothian's trial balloon for immediate financial help was shot down in the first volley, although a day or two later Congressional committees quickly approved the Administration decision to throw another $100-million into China to be used against the Japanese.

"Our Navy from top to bottom is against release of any more destroyers or other naval ships to England."

And this pertinent comment concludes:

"We are as yet only half awake, coasting in sublime confidence down the same road on which the democracies of France and England coasted."

Letters

(SOCIAL JUSTICE aims to make this page a free forum and readers' opinions are invited. Naturally, the views expressed are not always those of this magazine. We cannot guarantee that contributions sent to SOCIAL JUSTICE can be returned to the writers. Letters not signed with the writer's name and address cannot be considered, although the name will not necessarily be used. We reserve the right to publish all letters received unless contrary instruction is specifically given.)

Our First Duty Is to America

TO THE EDITOR:

One hundred and sixty years after Yorktown, it is evident with Klieg light apparency that all of the Tories did not flee to Canada after the Revolution.

Witness the actions of their descendents in the United States today: "Bundles for Britain," destroyers for Britain, tanks for Britain, munitions for Britain, our best bombers for Britain, the greatest military development in a decade, the Sperry bomb-sight for Britain, repeal of the *Johnson Act* for Britain, repeal of the *Neutrality Act* for Britain, a few more Davey Jones victories for the British navy and our Navy will go into the service of Britain, cluttered air waves and groaning printing presses grind out propaganda for Britain.

The Tories gloat and boast that their propaganda has "hog-tied" us to the point whereby they whistle the tune of England's needs and the gullible American public digs deep into its resources to supply the sinews of war and as we hold the empty sack, and sweat, as we pay.

When France capitulated last May, over a thousand unassembled American airplanes fell into German hands together with thousands of American-made 75's and vast stores of war materials, including thousands of vital machine tools.

Should the German war machine gain a foothold on English soil, that would be the end of the British in Europe. *All the supplies we have been sending to England would again fall into German hands!*

Where will that leave us? Very high and very dry, very much alone, very frightened, very helpless, very sad and very wise! The time to remedy all that is now.

It is no secret that our own military stores are very meager so the peril for America is the present policy of bleeding us of war materials to foreign countries.

Let us build our military establishment for the defense of the United States.

England is not waging this war as a first line of defense for us, nor is she risking her empirical life for that misnomer, "democracy," but is fighting for her existence.

Since the basic law of life is self-preservation, American interests are on this side of the Atlantic and not on the banks of the Thames. Let the Tories rant and rave "America Second" while we insist upon "Only America and America First."

Covington, Ky. —F.X.K.

At Least, We Told Them

TO THE EDITOR:

Well, the election is over, what a joke on the people, voting themselves into financial slavery and taxation bondage. Oh well, the people must like it, since they vote for it!

The New Deal is a smooth "politician," for you see, it gave the people $7.50 per week when unemployed; it gave them old age pensions; it gave them social security, that is a joke; and it gave them W.P.A. jobs at $52 per month, then taxes it all away from them in the form of unseen taxes —as interest on this "counterfeit" Federal Reserve money that President Roosevelt is borrowing in disregard of the *Constitution.*

But just try and get those truths into the people's heads!

I wonder, after all these years of hard labor and worry and sacrifice, that you newspapermen go through to tell the people the truth of things in general, then go right to the polls and vote against their best friends who advised them honestly as to what is responsible for want in the midst of plenty.

De Golia, Pa. —E.C.W.

Dr. Enzler Replies

TO THE EDITOR:

I want to thank you for giving me the opportunity to comment in SOCIAL JUSTICE on your recent editorial in which you referred to some of my statements on clergymen and politics.

There is a principle in ethics—not in Catholic Ethics alone—known as the principle of parallel effects. An action, not evil in itself, from which flow two effects, one good and one evil, may be performed on two conditions—that the evil effect is not willed and that it does not outweigh the good effect.

This principle applies in the matter of political activity of clergymen. There is no question as to the *right* of clergymen, as Americans, to write political editorials and make political speeches. But there is question as to whether the good effect of these editorials, speeches and what not balances the evil. For my part, I am convinced that in 1940, as in 1936, much less was gained than was lost.

Had there been a clear moral choice between Roosevelt and Willkie—as there was, for example, between Roosevelt and Thomas or between Willkie and Browder — the situation would have been vastly different. But, certainly, between Democrats and Republicans, or if you prefer, between New Dealers and anti-New Dealers, the forces of good were not lined up on one side and the forces of evil on the other.

This writer, incidentally, is not among those who would bar Father Coughlin from the radio. But he is definitely among those American Catholics, probably an overwhelming majority, who feel that a priest is a person apart and who are greatly perturbed at political, not moral, utterances which cause misunderstanding to run riot among non-Catholics and bitterness to race like wildfire through Catholic communities.

Dubuque, Iowa —C. J. Enzler

It's a World Revolution: Why Not Tell the Facts?

TO THE EDITOR:

This being a world revolution with the greatest stakes and consequences involved, may I call your attention to certain facts which are not, and sometimes only to a smaller degree, mentioned in SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine and sometimes even mis-stated.

I know that in these days, even in this that we love to call our free country, the truth cannot be told, in spite that truth will sooner or later assert itself, after many hardships and omissions on our part.

This being a world revolution, why not look at it through glasses of the same caliber, and give your readers the benefit of your, even-by-your-enemies-admitted superior intelligence in such matters, and leave petty subjects and gossip out of your columns?

You may rest assured, that the minute things get more serious in our beloved country, *your paper will be one of the first to be suppressed!*

The peoples in this world are going to a bitter school these days in order to learn the truth, which most of them did not want to learn until necessity forced them to.

Why not help them instead of leaving their education to the radio and other misleading agencies?

There is one point, for instance, that there is a great difference between the Stalin and Trotzky Communists. The latter were responsible for Spain's troubles, the killings of Christians in Russia, though we have to admit that the misuse of religion in pre-war Russia helped a great deal toward that massacre.

The Communist activities in Mexico, in the United States and many other countries, can be traced to the Trotzky Communists, who in turn are an arm of the world's greatest financial power.

World finance is ready to put the final shackles on the people of the world. If the people lose out in this struggle, they will be slaves for centuries to come, as the power of international capital is so powerful, so tremendous, that it can starve, today, the world into submission.

World aggression, which calls on the youth to bring the supreme sacrifice so the aggressors may live, does not come from the totalitarian countries as we are told, but rather from the so-called "democracies," who today control three-fourths of the world.

The countries called "aggressor" countries—as for instance, Germany—own not a square inch of colonies.

Why should not the people know that the capitalistic system has outlived itself and that, if necessary, *the United States will go into this war to save that system?*

Also, that there is a necessity for national capitalism, but that the blundering of every country in the world, is the work of international capital.

That the present struggle in the world means the liberation of millions, or slavery of the millions.

That if the people will lose out this time, a world revolution will be the outcome, where all existing governments will be overthrown.

Chicago, Ill. —M.S.

World War 'Hostess'

TO THE EDITOR:

As I am writing this on Armistice Day, naturally one's mind goes back to the last war. I was just reading "Comment" in SOCIAL JUSTICE and I came to an article titled *"Nor that kind of hostesses."*

It made me think of a few years ago when my husband and I visited Camp Val Cartier up in Quebec, Canada.

We were taken to the cemetery at Camp Val Cartier and over in a corner of the cemetery was a huge pile of stones, and our friends told us that under these stones was the body of a girl who wanted to be a "kind of a hostess."

They say no one claimed her body and no one knew her name. There was no cross to mark her grave like those precious soldier angels who are buried in the same cemetery, while she lies in a corner under a pile of stones.

It truly made me think of our dear Jesus when He said: *"Those of you who are without sin, let him first cast a stone."*

I shall never forget visiting this grave and I often pray for her; often I wonder if Jesus hasn't forgiven her the same as He did Magdalen and I sometimes pray to her.

We buried a medal, under the stones, of good Ste. Anne from the Shrine at St. Anne De Beaupre and some day I hope Magdalen (as I call her) will have a cross like the soldiers do who are buried near her.

Sharpsburg, Pa. —R.M.B.

Letters

(Continued from Page 2)

The New Haven clergy have the highest respect for this group. If there be any doubt of this, may I suggest that the critic contact the pastor of St. Mary's Catholic church. This saintly and lovable pastor addressed this group in his own auditorium only last month when they held a card party in celebration of Father Coughlin's birthday.

Had Miss Fitzgerald attended this card party and heard the remarks of this pastor, I'm sure her letter would not have contained so many misstatements of fact.

The treasurer of that card party (a modern Joan of Arc) accompanied me on a visit to practically every rectory in the city of New Haven. The purpose of our visit was to get permission for the boys to sell SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine in front of their churches on Sundays.

From this tireless worker your West Haven correspondent could have learned how courteous and co-operative the pastors of the city were. In fact it was the sympathetic reception which we received that encouraged me to journey on a similar mission to other towns in Connecticut.

In this great America of ours there are few civic groups who are more sincere or more pro-Christ, for God and country.

What America needs is more groups like this one.

For my part I consider it a distinct privilege to have been associated with them.

New York City. —P.K.

Principles Have Not Failed

TO THE EDITOR:

I have worked for social justice for ten years in Massachusetts and I find myself in the same box as Miss Fitzgerald, to the extent that I have been a failure and not Father Coughlin.

I am not sorry for myself and I am not going to blame Father for something I could not accomplish myself.

Social Justice is still there, so if thousands could not obtain it, why blame one man, Father Coughlin.

With all due respect to Miss Fitzgerald in her effort to promote Social Justice, I wonder if she is not a little annoyed because she has not succeeded as a politician.

As to the people, can any one of us cast the first stone?

It would seem to me that all of those people were looking for the light of Social Justice as Father was teaching it or they would not have been there.

Were they to blame for the condition she found them in?

Were they to blame for their unintelligence she speaks of? All of them, maybe, did not have the advantage she had in learning. If there were pharisaism in their midst, in their ignorance, were they to blame?

Your walk in life may be one step, mine may be another, and theirs may still be another, and you may be one of the more fortunate ones.

In one breath, Miss Fitzgerald says, "in their ignorance," and another breath, she uses the word "traitor."

How can anyone be a traitor if in his ignorance, as you say, he does not know what it is all about?

I noticed that there was a "Miss" before the writer's name and I think it would be hard for her to put herself in the position of a man with a family of children.

If it came to the security of his family, or social justice, I think he would think of his family, at least most men would.

That was what happened in 1936, Father Coughlin could not give them security for themselves and their families, and W.P.A. did, so they learned social justice to the extent that they looked out for their loved ones first. God bless them for that.

As you say, there is no bitterness in my heart and I hope you will not hold any for me, but I just had to defend Father Coughlin and the people who followed him.

I am 62 years old, and I have seen many come and many go and many who are wandering through this life aimlessly; so we should not give up the teaching of social justice, because in teaching that we are teaching the gospel of Jesus Christ!

Middleboro, Mass. —H.H.D.

A Florida View

TO THE EDITOR:

I decided I wouldn't bother you again for a while, when lo and behold, my SOCIAL JUSTICE for November 18 came and, of course, everything was put aside for the first reading. As usual, your articles are provocative, and a challenge to reply. When I had read about three that I just felt I must answer, I found Katharine Fitzgerald's letter. What a delightful article! I chuckled and laughed.

The Irish, the unpredictable Irish! And as lovable as exasperating.

Poor Katharine — she thought she had them catalogued and definitely placed.

If there is anything an Irishman from the old sod resents, it's "outside" leadership.

They will give the outsider the run-around because they like to blarney, but they don't take any stock in her. They are having a fine time pumping her, and most will do exactly opposite.

I can just see them, looking at her and agreeing so sympathetically, promising to vote her way and then doing the opposite, because, like Pat when he was applying for citizenship papers, when asked what party he belonged to, said: "I dunno, but I'm agin the Government!"

Sure, they would fight among themselves, that's a gentleman's right, and sure they would turn on the "outsider," or they wouldn't be Irish.

Poor Katharine, she had them all rounded up to vote, then they hurdled the fence and did as they pleased!

It reminds me of what I wrote one editor when he showed a tendency toward attacking Father Coughlin: "You go easy on Father Coughlin. The Irish swear by him, the Irish who come over to America and settle in their respective county settlements in New York and Brooklyn. They're dynamite, and if they think you are doing dirt to their 'Praste,' you'll start something you'll regret. Now you leave Father Coughlin alone." He did; he believed me.

Pensacola, Fla. —A.E.H.

Don't Blame the 'Sheep'!

TO THE EDITOR:

I have just read Katharine Fitzgerald's letter to you in the SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine of November 18th.

Will you allow me to say a few words to her?

Dear Katharine Fitzgerald:

In your letter to the Rev. Fr. Coughlin, you say about the Social Justice people, or I should say "Coughlinites"—"Forgive me if I tell you that they are the worst looking lot of people gotten together. The majority of them don't know what it is all about."

You are very unkind to say that. Father Coughlin never pretended to know more than Jesus Christ, and Christ Himself called the people "sheep." If you know anything at all about sheep you should know that sheep are the dumbest animals and that they must be "herded." Get me? They must be herded.

So don't blame the people, the sheep. Blame the herders!

If Father Coughlin can't wake up the shepherds; if they are so asleep and let the sheep go astray, that is not the fault of the sheep!

Father Coughlin has educated more people than you can imagine.

One of our leading Social Service schools has accepted a donation from Sidney Hillman. The leaders of that Social Service school should know that if we had more social justice we wouldn't need so much "social service."

In closing my letter to you, may I also tell you that if you would have read every copy of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine, you would have known that Father Coughlin has no organization and has not had any since the National Union was abandoned in 1936.

Detroit, Mich. —S.G.

Coast Defenders Rally

TO THE EDITOR:

In part, we all agree with Katharine Fitzgerald's letter. With some, there was petty jealousy, some were politically minded, and some no doubt became members to bore from within.

This could and should have been controlled by each unit, and had it been, what a different story could and would have been written both for social justice and for all America.

If Miss Fitzgerald will just think back to 1936, she will no doubt remember the warnings issued by Father Coughlin against these very dangers. The same applies to present study clubs. The fault is not Father's, his work was well done, and we can blame only ourselves—it was we who failed Father.

I had supposed (aside from a few friends), that Father Coughlin's cause in California was as dead as a mackerel, until two San Francisco critics "stuck their necks" out one Sunday in sermons criticizing the Radio Priest. They were greatly surprised at the response they received, and I must confess I was both surprised and more than pleased to know so many would rally to Father Coughlin's defense.

After a long phone conversation with one of these ministers, I was asked to come and look over the material he had used for his sermon. One was *The Christian Century*, the other that notorious *"Propaganda Analysis."* He gave me several copies of each, and I spent one week going through back numbers of SOCIAL JUSTICE and the radio discourses delivered by Father to find the answers to the charges in these sheets.

These I gave to this minister, and mailed him a copy of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine until the close of the "Christian Front case," so-called.

He asked me to write my facts to *"Propaganda Analysis,"* and this I did.

San Mateo, Calif. —C.M.S.

Let's Have the Truth!

TO THE EDITOR:

Allow me to congratulate you for the article appearing in SOCIAL JUSTICE entitled *"Great Britain Chose It"* and *"A Monetary Revolt."* The two articles contain much.

I presume some people might object to SOCIAL JUSTICE coming out so boldly in broad daylight to let your readers into much of the chicanery now being carried on by the *clique* who assume to be masters of the unruly situation.

What we believe and say depends largely on our job and size of our pay.

Palmer, Mass. —W.S.A.

Comment

Two Jewish Stories

ROBERT J. CASEY cabled the following story to the *Chicago Daily News:*

"London, Dec. 3. — They are fixing up a new church out Kensington way for the congregation of Our Lady of Victory. Yesterday the place was a display room, one of London's biggest furniture stores, and, despite the incongruous appearance of an altar and temporary pews among deep-pillowed living room suites, business is going on — not bad business either considering the dubious wisdom of owning furniture during bomb raids.

"The Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Victory went the way of many other churches a few days ago. An oversized crump went through the roof and exploded inside. Only old parishioners could say for certain that night where it had stood in a region now covered with splinters and smashed brick.

"London — even Protestant London — was concerned, for there had been many traditions about this church. Its rectors for generations had been important figures in English Catholicism. It had become virtually a shrine as the church of the famous Cardinal Manning.

"It was difficult in Kensington to find a building, still intact, large enough to accommodate the congregation at a mass. Then somebody approached the owners of the furniture store. They agreed to sublease their showroom for morning and Sunday occupancy and to make such changes as the pastor of Our Lady of Victory might require.

"The Catholic congregation will pay a rental fee of one shilling a year — this, it was explained, was a technical maneuver to make the deal legal under the terms of the original lease.

"And that's all there is to this routine bit of church news except to mention one thing that didn't appear in any of the records. The owners of the furniture store are both Jewish."

* * *

The *Daily Worker* (Dec. 3rd) prints this story:

"With the protest of thousands of New Yorkers against the British treatment of the 1,771 Jewish refugees to be voiced at a mass protest meeting tomorrow at 8 P.M. by Congressman Vito Marcantonio and other prominent speakers, the Jewish Peoples Committee today released a protest letter signed by 20 distinguished Americans to Lord Lothian, British Ambassador in Washington.

"The mass meeting will be held in Manhattan Center, 34th St. and 8th Ave., under the auspices of the Jewish Peoples Committee. Besides Congressman Marcantonio, speakers to address the meeting will include Rabbi Moses Miller, president of the Jewish Peoples Committee, Elmer Brown, president of Typographical Union No. 6, Leonard Goldsmith, Executive Secretary of the New Jersey C.I.O.

"Among the 20 distinguished Americans who signed the protest letter to Lord Lothian are former Governor Elmer A. Benson of Minnesota and Dr. Mary E. Wolley, President Emeritus of Mt. Holyoke College.

"The letter to Lord Lothian said:

" 'We are deeply disturbed by the action of the British authorities in refusing to allow the 1,771 Jewish refugees who came from lands of Fascist terror to enter the land of Palestine.

" 'The sinking of the ship *Patria* as the result of an explosion of unknown origin, which has resulted in the death of some of the refugees, has heightened the tragedy of the situation.

" 'We call upon you to transmit to your government our hope that the decision of the British Government will be immediately revoked so that the remaining survivors will be allowed immediate entrance into Palestine.'

"The signers of the letter are: Professor George E. Axtelle of Northwestern University; Rev. Lee H. Ball of the Methodist Church, Lake Mahopac, N. Y.; Frank C. Bancroft, Managing Editor of 'Social Work Today'; Gino Bardi, Editor of L'Unita' del Popolo; Elmer A. Benson, former Governor of Minnesota; Dr. Dorothy Brewster, Professor of English at Columbia University; Professor Edwin Berry Burgum, Professor of English at New York University; Dr. Bella V. Dodd of the Teachers Union; Professor Abraham Edel of City College of New York; Rev. Alfred L. Faust, of the First Methodist Church of Richmond Hill, N. Y.; Bertha Josselyn Foss, Sec'y of the New York Conference for Inalienable Rights, Professor Jesse H. Holmes of Bryn Mawr; Professor William M. Malisoff of Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; Albert Maltz, author; Rev. J. Pierce Newell of Superior, Wisconson, Central Methodist Church; George Seldes, Editor of 'In Fact'; Russell A. Nixon, Professor of Economics of Harvard University; Herman Shumlin, theatrical producer; Rev. Eliot White of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Roselle, N. J., and the Diocese of New York; Mary E. Wolley, Professor Emeritus of Mt. Holyoke College."

* * *

All is not going well for Jewry in England at the moment.

Decent English Jews are more than embarrassed as a result of the actions, affiliations and statements emanating from radical Jews.

At any rate the heat is being put on Lord Lothian by the Jews in America.

In the long run Christians who recognize the law of charity, and Jews who recognize the necessity of practicing religion, must stand together against both Gentiles and Jews who are irreligious and radical.

All this harks back to November 20, 1938, when Father Coughlin appealed to the religious Jews of America to co-operate with Christians in condemning all types of Marxism and Communism as well as Naziism.

Alaskan Refugees

FIVE YEARS ago 200 ruined farming families from the Midwest were transported by the Government of the United States to the fertile fields of Matanuska Valley in Alaska.

It was advertised by the New Deal that these 200 families were about to make a new start in life, aided and financed by the United States Government.

According to P. R. Curran, United Press staff writer (November 29), 140 of the distressed agricultural families transported to Matanuska by the Government are now behind in their payments and are to be evicted soon after December 1, unless something can be done about it.

These families were refugees from modern capitalism.

These families were refugees from political partyism.

These families were refugees from Federal Reserve Banking-ism.

These families were refugees from La-Salle Street marketeering.

These families were refugees from a system of exploitation and oppression just as cruel as that which forced thousands of families in Germany and elsewhere to seek refuge.

The German refugees came to America, shipload at a time, with no questions asked.

Jobs were supplied to them.

A living was guaranteed to them.

America bent over backwards to service them.

And what about the families in the Matanuska Valley — refugees from modern capitalism?

They are going to be evicted by the very Government that set out to save them!

Mr. Curran continues:

"The colonists have organized a protective organization, have retained an attorney and are appealing to Washington. Carl Rasmussen is secretary of the colonists' cooperative which took over the colony's marketing and producing units from the corporation this year.

" 'It is impossible to pay,' his wife said. 'The average family's indebtedness is $1500 and the average farm's income for 1940 was only $300. The edict, if enforced, threatens to make homeless refugees of the colonists in the snow-covered, sub-zero valley and jeopardizes the colony's future'."

Possibly, when the "run-around" will have been given to these Matanuska refugees, the farms which they pioneered in the Alaskan wilderness will be handed over *gratis* to the European refugees!

Aren't we Americans sensible people?

Polish Women Appeal

AN APPEAL from women of Poland urging American women to unite in efforts demanding the deliverance of Poland from "German oppression" was released by the Committee of Polish American Women.

The appeal, which was written by women in Warsaw and brought to the United States by an emigre, said:

"History fails to record a Calvary equal to that which we, the women of Poland, are living through now.

"Our husbands, brothers and fathers perished in mass murders which wiped out tens of thousands.

"Our sons perish like their fathers or are taken away to alleged labor camps in Germany.

"Our daughters are being apprehended on the streets or abducted, imprisoned in company with prostitutes, and deported to German brothels."

The appeal describes burned churches, imprisoned priests, closed schools, unemployment, and empty homes, and said "famine grows."

Comment

Michigan Professors Want to Lick World

THE NATIONAL Defense Committee of Ann Arbor, Michigan, on which there are several professors, through its secretary, on November 22, sent out a letter which reads as follows:

"I believe in the last week or ten days England has suffered damages to her industrial area which can never be repaired or replaced. I believe at the present time that England's situation is most serious and not only dangerous to herself but the same applies to the United States.

"I believe we should repeal the *Neutrality Act* immediately and I don't mean in days or weeks because it is a matter of hours. We should immediately take over the convoying of all ships to English ports, relieving the British navy of any part of this. As long as we have a live England, we can hold Germany at arm's length. When England is gone, I fear it is the end of democracy.

"It will be very difficult for the United States to overcome the Eastern Hemisphere without the aid of England. The sooner we get in and help, the less chance England has of losing more tonnage and thousands of lives. I believe the time has come when the majority of the people of the United States realize this situation and I believe are in accord with the views that I am transmitting to you.

"It is my hope that you, as well as our other representatives from the state of Michigan, do everything in your power that England and the British Commonwealth of Nations receive all material, planes and battleships that are needed to the end that this war may be kept going by England *until we are ready to step in there and finish off the Axis powers.*"

Just notice this sentence in the third paragraph of the letter.

Read it again:

"It will be very difficult for the United States *to overcome the Eastern Hemisphere* without the aid of England."

These gentlemen here plainly advocate that we should send the U.S. Navy and an army or armies to Europe.

They assume that it is our duty and that we intend to "overcome the Eastern Hemisphere."

And remember that the Eastern Hemisphere includes Germany, Italy, Russia, China, Japan and many smaller countries!

There is only one way that that can be done. Send our Navy to blast the navies of all the Eastern Hemisphere out of the ocean. Send our transports to land millions of men and thousands of ships to carry munitions to them (and bring home the dead), until we have succeeded in destroying the armies, not only of Hitler, Mussolini and Stalin, but those of all the other countries which will undoubtedly object to being dominated or ruled by us.

Then note again the last sentence in the last paragraph. These men tell us that we must aid England *"until we are ready to step in there and finish off the Axis powers."*

In a news letter to his Michigan constituents Representative Clare Hoffman comments:

"Do you realize that these professors from the University are telling you that your Congressmen should aid England until the Administration can draft your husbands and your boys and send them to Europe to 'finish off the Axis powers?'

"These men are not fools. Do they just talk without thinking?

"Do they not know that we have neither the trained men, the Army, the Navy, the planes, bombers, tanks, guns and munitions to accomplish this task upon which they would have us embark?

"The oldest, feeblest physical wreck in your neighborhood might just as well challenge Joe Louis to a fight for the championship as for us to start out to whip all the world except the Western Hemisphere.

"Think of it!

"These college professors want to annihilate the governments of the Eastern Hemisphere!

"Get out your map and look at the countries they want us to overrun. They want us to 'finish off the Axis powers.' They stand on the shores of America, point across the seas and say, 'sic 'em,' 'chew 'em up!'

"They had better go to the psychopathic ward of the University for an examination!"

Anti-Semitism 'Revolt Against Christianity'

THE SO-CALLED "Jewish question" is the most dangerous and the most misleading phenomenon of modern times, asserts Maurice Samuel, author of *"The Great Hatred,"* in a review of his own book for the American Jewish Congress *Bulletin.*

"If I were to be asked to give a brief description of anti-Semitism to a man who had never heard of it, I would not say that anti-Semitism is hatred of the Jew," the author writes.

"I would say instead that it is the scourge of Christendom, the most widespread, the most catastrophic mental disease that has ever afflicted the civilization of the West.

"Anti-Semitism is a Christian problem. If I were to condense the message of my book in a slogan, it is this:

" 'Christians of the world, solve the anti-Semitic problem, or you will perish.'

"If anti-Semitism were a problem created by the Jews," Mr. Samuel continues, "you would expect to find most anti-Semitism where there are most Jews. Actually, there is no relationship between anti-Semitism and numbers of Jews.

"The only rule you can lay down is, where there is Naziism and Fascism, there is anti-Semitism.

"Wherever anti-Semitism appears, *it is accompanied by a furious attack on the religious freedom of Christians* . . . For these occur together with such astonishing uniformity, in such diverse circumstances, that it is impossible to ascribe it to coincidence.

* * *

"Two lessons are clear: one is that anti-Semitism is aimed at the destruction of human liberty everywhere. Two, that anti-Semitism to be defeated *must be attacked.*

"The nests, the breeding places, the mobilization centers of anti-Semitism must be uprooted. There must be *an ideological offensive.*

"We shall never be able to launch such an offensive," the *Congress Bulletin* writer goes on, "unless we know where those nests and breeding places are: and I can best describe *'The Great Hatred'* by saying that it is — at least in my opinion — the first attempt to locate them.

"These underground and sinister armories of anti-Semitic thought are located in the new pagan impulse, in the hatred of Christ and Christianity, in the loathing which has arisen of the disciplines, restraints and checks which Christianity places on the brute impulses of man.

"If Naziism and Fascism have chosen anti-Semitism as their weapon, it is because they have not the courage to attack the Christian morality and eth[illegible]d philosophy by name.

"They shrink from the open blasphemy of a repudiation of Christ. That mighty name overawes them and strikes them dumb.

* * *

". . . And you also understand why it has nothing to do with the Jews. You understand that the entire conspiracy is aimed *past the Jew at the destruction of the Christian episode in civilization.*

"This is the groundwork of the attack which has to be made on anti-Semitism.

"The majority of decent people have always believed that anti-Semites were merely deluded, that they are the victims of misinformation. That is a profound, a fatal error.

"Anti-Semitism is not merely error and delusion. It is the essence of social criminality. It is the spearhead of the new revolt against Christianity.

"It must be exposed as such.

"The time has gone when we could sit behind the Maginot line of the American *Constitution* in the belief that we are forever safe on the defensive. Maginot lines can be flanked.

"We must stop being on the defensive, as Jews or as Christians. It is the anti-Semite who must be put on the defensive."

Mexico—U.S.S.R.

IN A STATEMENT accredited to Manuel Mesa, general manager of the National Bank of Agrarian Credit of Mexico City, the re-establishment of diplomatic and commercial relations between Mexico and the Soviet Union is "not only convenient but necessary."

The statement, as sent to American papers, continued:

"Mexico is a country which produces raw material, not only mineral products but agricultural products as well. She needs customers to buy her products. For instance, our coffee could find an important market in the U.S.S.R. And there are other products for which we might find a market in the Soviet Union.

"Aside from these economic needs, I think Mexico should reopen its relationship with the U.S.S.R. *because there is not a single reason why we should keep ourselves isolated from this great nation.*

"Mexico has a great deal to learn from the U.S.S.R. Our friendship with her could help to cement the ideological ties common to both, to bring the working class a maximum of benefits and a better world through the abolition of exploitation of man by man."

NATIONAL WEEKLY
Social Justice
Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Radio in a Jam

SENATOR GURNEY, Republican, of South Dakota, recently intimated that the proposed new regulations of the Federal Communications Commission would strangle, if not impose a death sentence on established radio broadcasting networks.

Possibly, yes; possibly, no.

In one sense, the American radio industry is a monopoly — just as much a monopoly as steel or motors.

There are three recognized national radio chains which feed the majority of independently owned radio stations throughout the nation.

Back of these three national radio chains there is a handful of national advertisers whose job consists not only of selling time — the selling end of it is almost a nonentity — but in servicing the programs and allocating broadcasting hours.

This monopoly has become a menace to American free speech — as instanced in the case of the keep-us-out-of-war Father Coughlin who, practically, was ostracized from the air, and in the case of the get-us-into-war Dorothy Thompson who is on the commercial air.

* * *

Considering that the three chains control the best radio outlets in the country, there is now, with the present allocation of wave lengths, no more room for another national chain of any consequence.

There is no exact parallel between a radio station and a newspaper.

The number of radio stations is limited to a given number of wave lengths.

The number of newspapers can be multiplied.

Radio stations operate on a wave length owned by the Government and leased to the radio station for a definite number of weeks at a time.

Newspapers operate on presses owned by the newspapers and operate as long as the owners care to turn the presses.

For these and many other reasons it is only right and just that the Federal Communications Commission should exercise control of the advertising contracts and other business affairs connected with radio stations whose owners, in many cases, make fortunes through using a limited number of wave lengths owned by the people of the United States.

Paul W. Ward, writing in the *Baltimore Sun*, says: "The commission (Federal Communications Commission) . . . has promulgated a set of tentatively proposed regulations regarding chain broadcasting around which the argument is to center.

"These regulations, if put into effect, the two big chains argue, would weaken if not shatter their networks. The general effect of the proposed regulations would be to loosen the contractual ties which bind affiliated broadcasting stations to N.B.C. or C.B.S. to form their nationwide networks. In particular, they would outlaw the present system of contracts by which N.B.C. or C.B.S. bind their independently owned affiliates to deal exclusively with the contracting chain and not to sell time to national advertisers at rates lower than those charged by C.B.S. or N.B.C."

* * *

It is high-time for the Federal Government to exercise its jurisdiction and control over these menacing monopolies known as the National Broadcasting Company, the Columbia Broadcasting System and the Mutual Broadcasting System.

Supposing some astute advertising agency contracted with the Government to lease the dome of the Capitol to use it for advertising — should not the Government have a considerable voice in regulating the advertising displayed thereon?

There is a parallel — even if the example is somewhat far-fetched — a parallel when a private corporation rents the air waves owned by "we, the people."

* * *

With the substitution of "*Broadcasters Music, Inc.,*" for the "*American Society of Composers, Authors & Publishers,*" the radio monopoly still further tightens its control over the broadcast entertainment.

Not only ideas, but the nation's music, is now "controlled."

If the "A.S.C.A.P.," originally designed to protect composers' royalties, had become a sort of private "racket"— in which 90 per cent of the profits reportedly accrued to a powerful 10 per cent of the membership—the substitution of "BMI" is outright station dictatorship!

Meanwhile, the rights or wishes of the public, who supply what profits there are in music and radio, are out the window.

All 50 Questions in 'America First' Contest Appear on Pages 10-11 in Social Justice Today!